

ECE 311 - Homework #4

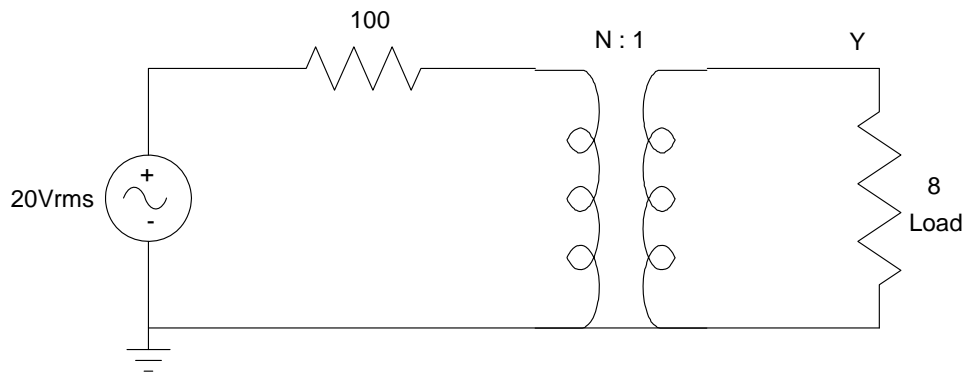
Transformers and AC Impedance

Problem 1: Assume a 1:1 transformer (i.e. it does nothing)

- 1a) Determine the voltages for the following circuit.
- 1b) What percent of the power goes to the 8-Ohm speaker.

Problem 2: Assume a 10:1 transformer (1V at the load required 10V on the left side of the transformer)

- 2a) Convert the impedances to the load side (right side).
- 2b) Determine the voltages as seen by the load (right side)
- 2c) What percent of the power goes to the 8-Ohm speaker?
- 2d) In order to deliver 10W to the load, what does the input voltage (20Vrms shown) have to be?



Problem 1 & 2.

Suppose a utility grid transmitted power at 120Vrms

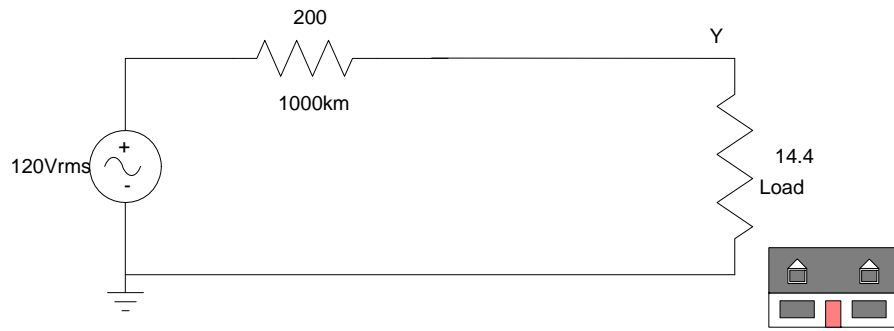
- A 1cm diameter copper wire has a resistance of 0.2 Ohms/km.
- The distance from Williston to Minneapolis is 1000km (200 Ohms)

A typical customer uses 10kW of electricity

- 10kW @ 120Vrms = 1.44 Ohms

Problem 3: No Transformer Solution (i.e. what if we ran our power grid at DC)

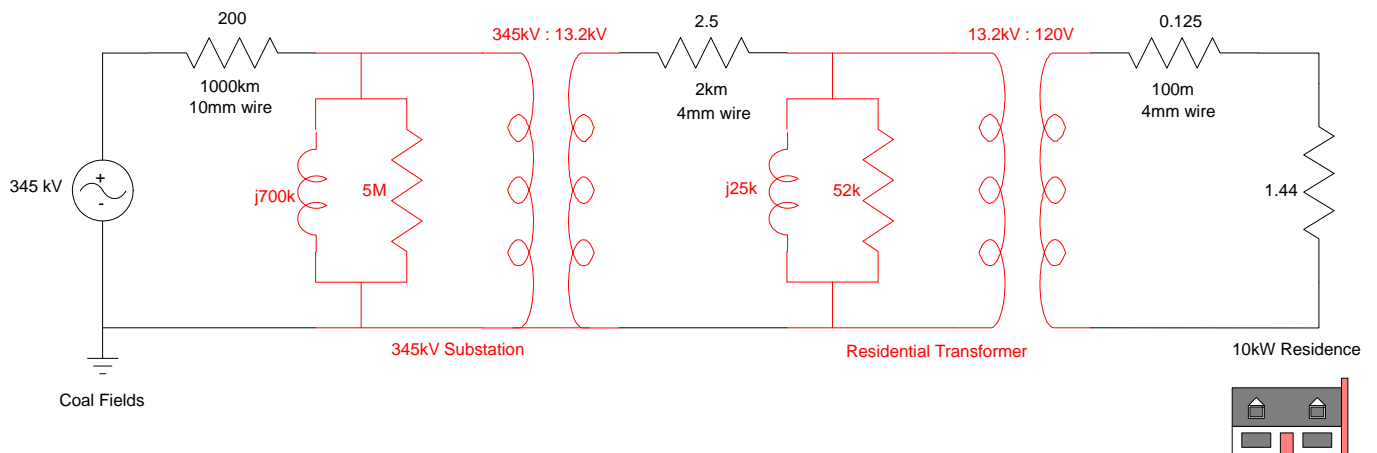
- 3a) Determine the voltage the customer sees for the following power grid
- 3b) What is the efficiency of the transmission system? (i.e. the percent of the power delivered to the customer)



Problem 3: Power of a residence at 120V without transformers

Suppose instead a utility uses transformers to transmit the power at 345kV, which is stepped down to 13.2kV and 120V as shown below.

- 4a) Convert the impedances to the load side (right side).
- 4b) Determine the voltages as seen by the load (right side)
- 4c) What is the efficiency of the transmission system? (i.e. the percent of the power delivered to the customer)



Problem 4: Power Transmission System with Transformers