

ECE 321 - Quiz #3. Name _____

Filter Design. April 19, 2018

1) The transfer function for a 4th-order Butterworth filter with a corner at 1 rad/sec is

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{1}{(s+1\angle\pm 22.5^\circ)(s+1\angle\pm 67.5^\circ)} \right)$$

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{1}{(s^2+1.8478s+1)(s^2+0.7654s+1)} \right)$$

Give the transfer function for a 4th-order Butterworth filter with

- A corner at 100 rad/sec, and
- A DC gain of 1.000

$$\frac{100^4}{(s+100\angle\pm 22.5^\circ)(s+100\angle\pm 67.5^\circ)}$$

2) Design a low-pass filter to meet the following requirements:

- $0.9 < \text{gain} < 1.1$ $\omega \leq 10$ rad/sec
- $\text{gain} < 0.2$ $\omega \geq 30$ rad/sec

2a) How many poles do you need for this filter?

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n < 0.2$$

$$n > 1.46$$

$$\boxed{n=2}$$

2b) Suggest the transfer function for a filter which meets (or comes close to meeting) these requirements.

pick Butterworth

Corner ≈ 10

angle = $180^\circ/2 = \pm 90^\circ$

$$\frac{10^2}{(s+10 \angle \pm 45^\circ)}$$

3) Design a low-pass filter to meet the following requirements:

- $0.9 < \text{gain} < 1.1$ $\omega \leq 10$ rad/sec
- $\text{gain} < 0.02$ $\omega \geq 30$ rad/sec

2a) How many poles do you need for this filter?

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n < 0.02$$

$$n > 3.56$$

$$\boxed{n=4}$$

2b) Suggest the transfer function for a filter which meets (or comes close to meeting) these requirements.

4th order Butterworth

Corner = 10 rad/sec (a-la problem #1)

$$\frac{10^4}{(s+10 \angle \pm 22.5^\circ)(s+10 \angle \pm 67.5^\circ)}$$

4) The frequency content of a 10 rad/sec (1.6Hz) square wave is

$$x(t) = 6 \sin(10t) + 2 \sin(30t) + \dots$$

To turn this into a sine wave, the following low-pass filter is proposed:

$$Y = \left(\frac{2000}{(s+8.5)(s+12.1\angle 69.5^\circ)(s+12.1\angle -69.5^\circ)} \right) X = \left(\frac{2000}{(s+8.5)(s^2+8.475s+146.41)} \right) X$$

Find $y(t)$

$s = j10$ $\left(\right)_{j10} = 1.577 \angle -110^\circ$ $y = (1.577 \angle -110^\circ)(0 - j6)$ <p style="text-align: center; margin-left: 100px;"><small>$\frac{2}{s \sin \omega t}$</small></p> $y = 9.46 \angle 159^\circ$	$s = j30$ $\left(\right)_{j30} = .0806 \angle 124^\circ$ $y = (.0806 \angle 124^\circ)(0 - j2)$ $y = .161 \angle 34^\circ$
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$$y(t) = 9.46 \cos(10t + 159^\circ) + 0.161 \cos(30t + 34^\circ)$$

↑
mostly a
pure sine wave

5) The frequency content of a 10 rad/sec (1.6Hz) square wave is

$$x(t) = 6 \sin(10t) + 2 \sin(30t) + \dots$$

To turn this into a sine wave, the following band-pass filter is proposed:

$$Y = \left(\frac{2s}{s^2 + 2s + 100} \right) X = \left(\frac{2s}{(s+1+j9.95)(s+1-j9.95)} \right) X$$

Find $y(t)$

$$s = j10$$

$$\left(\right)_{j10} = 1$$

$$y = (1)(0 - j6)$$

$$y = -j6 = 6 \angle -90^\circ$$

$$y = 6 \cdot \cos(10t - 90^\circ)$$

$$s = j30$$

$$\left(\right)_{j30} = 0.0748 \angle -85^\circ$$

$$y = (0.0748 \angle -85^\circ)(0 - j2)$$

$$y = 0.149 \angle -175^\circ$$

$$y = 0.149 \cos(30t + 175^\circ)$$

~~$y = 267c$~~

$$y = 6 \sin(10t) + 0.149 \cos(30t - 175^\circ)$$

↑ mostly 1st harmonic

Bernie Sanders vs. Godzilla Bonus!!! Which is more (i.e. who's more popular)?

- The number of people who voted for Bernie Sanders in 2016, or — 1.6 million
- The number of people who saw Godzilla 2014 in the theater? —

30⁺ million
\$300 million in
ticket sales