

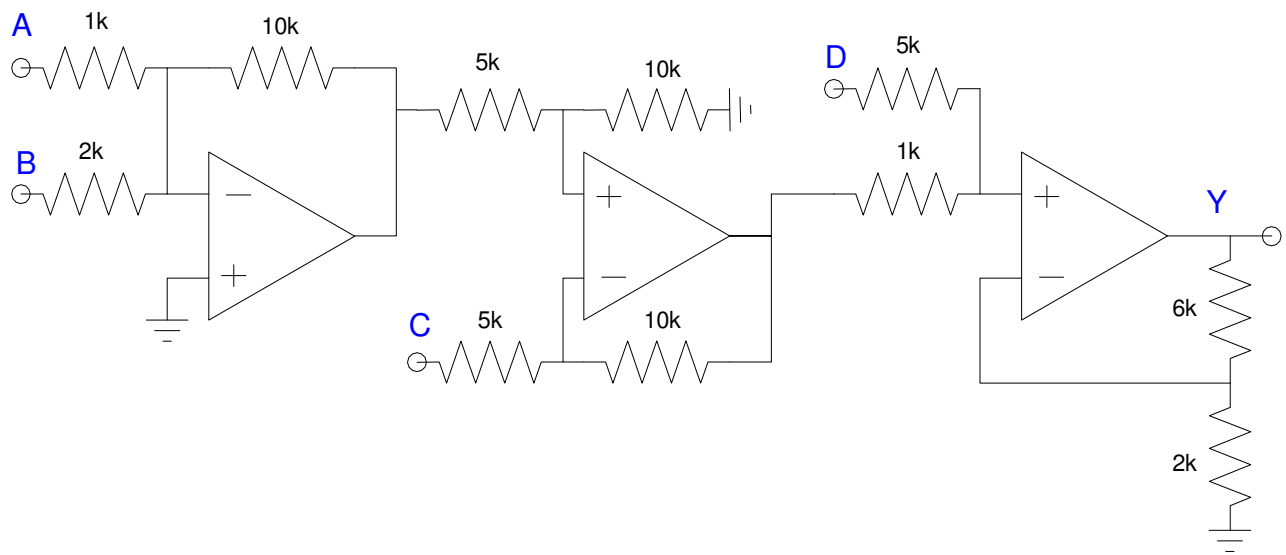
ECE 321 - Final Exam - Name _____

Spring 2022

1. OpAmp Circuits: Determine y as a function of A , B , C , and D . Assume

- Ideal op-amps
- $R = 900 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth day})$.

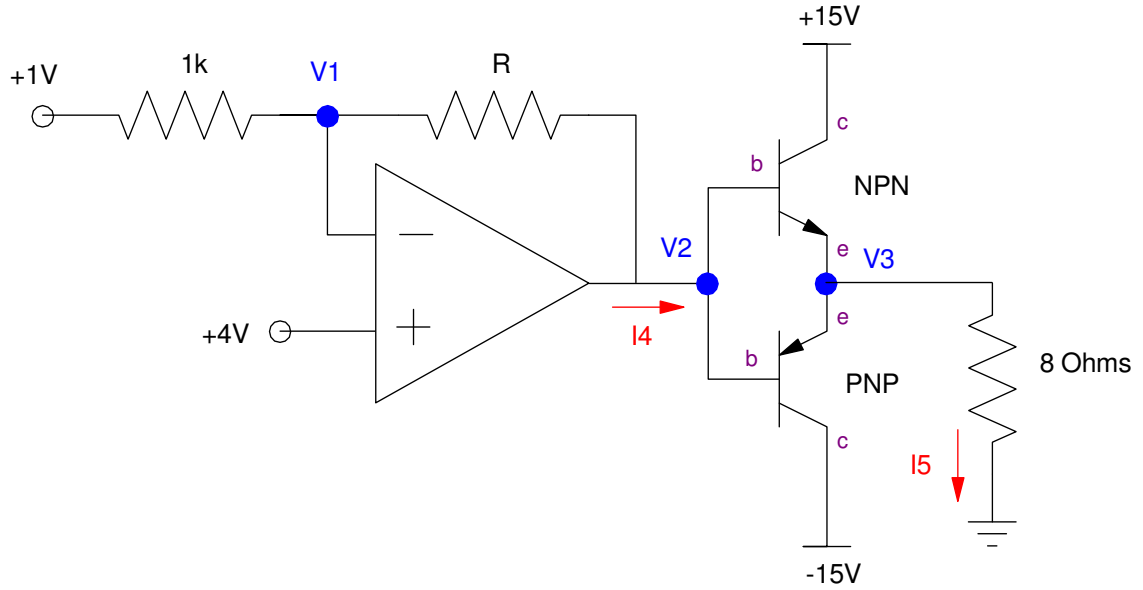
R $900 + 100 * \text{mo} + \text{day}$	$Y = aA + bB + cC + dD$



2. Push-Pull: Determine the voltages and currents for the following push-pull amplifier. Assume

- $R = 1100 + 100 * (\text{birth month}) + (\text{birth day})$. May 14th gives $R = 1614$ Ohms
- $|V_{ce}| = 0.7V$ (ideal silicon diodes)
- $\beta = 30$

R	V1	V2	V3	I4	I5
900 + 100*mo + day					



3. Instrumentation Amplifier: Assume an RTD has the temperature - resistance relationship of

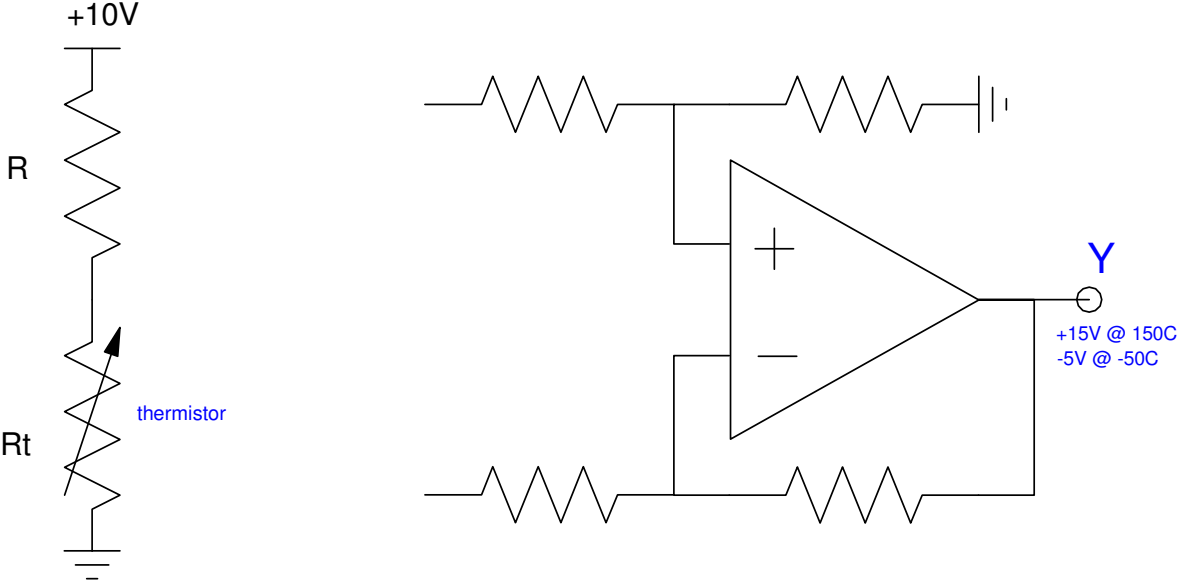
$$R_t = 2000 \cdot (1 + 0.0043T)\Omega$$

where T is the temperature in degrees C. Design a circuit which outputs

- +15V at +150C, and
- -5V at -50C

Assume

- $R = 900 + 100 \cdot (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$

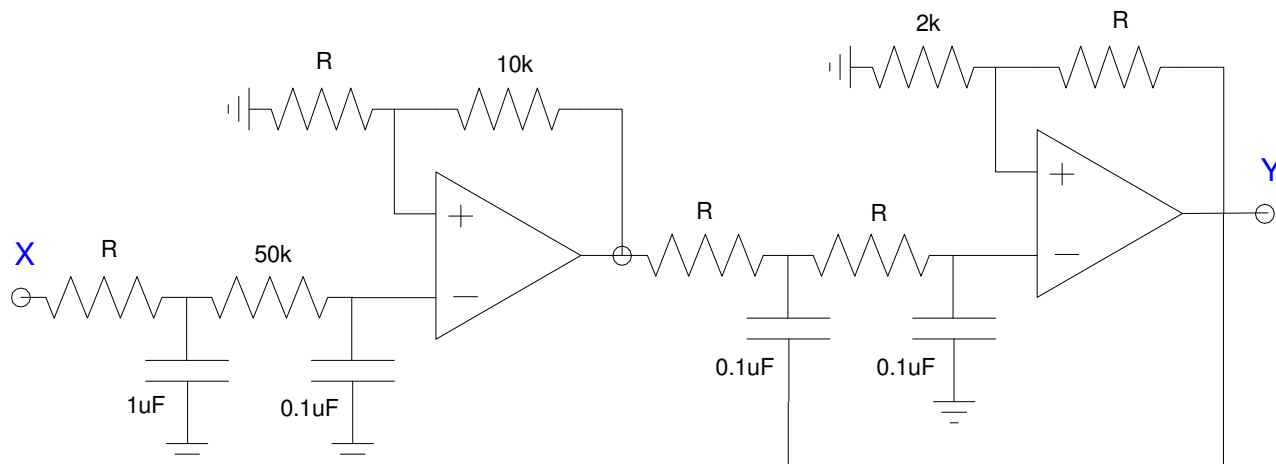


4. Filters: Let

- $R = 900 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth day})$. May 14th would give $R = 1614$ Ohms

Find the transfer function from X to Y

R $900 + 100 * \text{mo} + \text{day}$	Transfer Function $Y = G(s) * X$



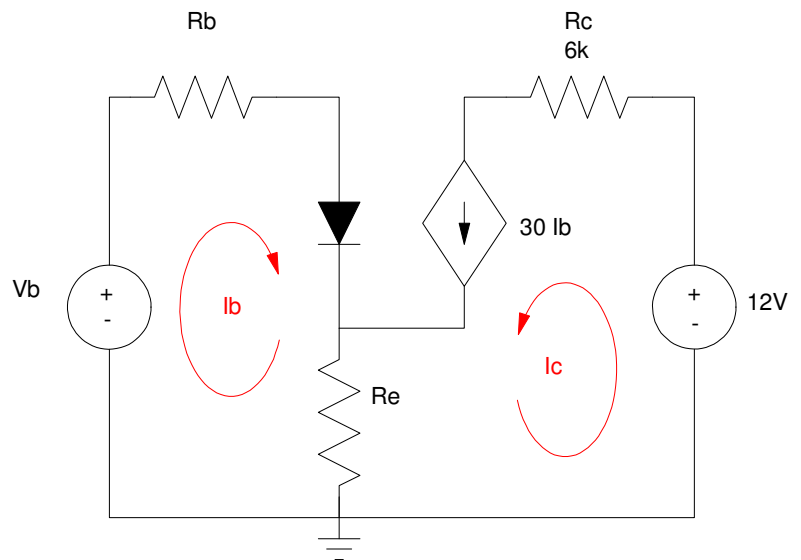
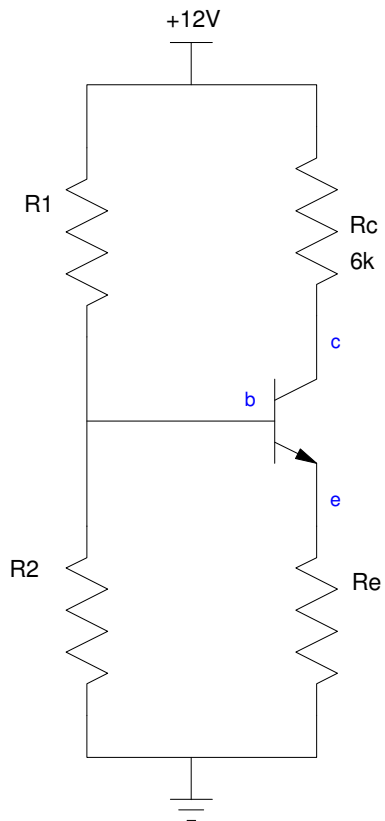
5. CE Amplifiers (DC design): Determine R1 and R2 so that

- The Q-point is stabilized for variations in β , and
- $V_{ce} = 3.0V$

Assume

- $R_e = 900 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$
- $\beta = 30$
- $|V_{be}| = 0.7V$ (ideal silicon diode)

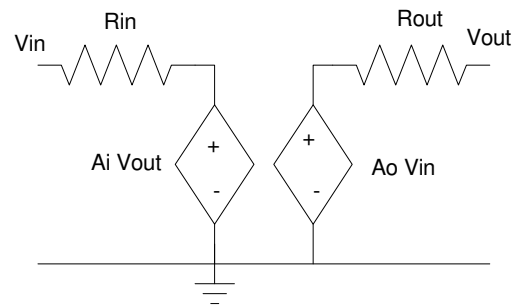
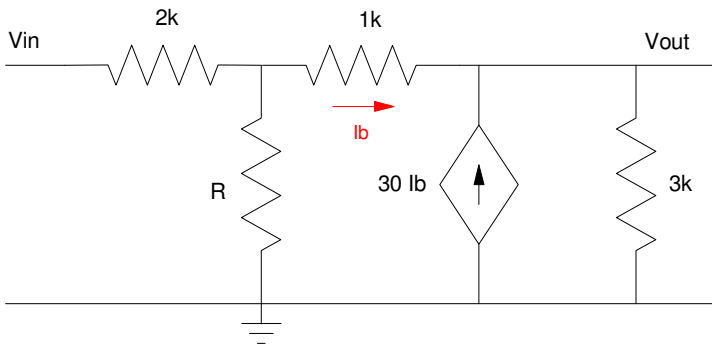
Re 900 + 100*mo + day	R1	R2	Vb	Ic



6. 2-Port model: Determine the 2-port parameters for the following circuit. Assume

- $R = 900 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$ Ohms

R 900 + 100*mo + day	R _{in}	A _i	R _{out}	A _o



7. 2-Port model (experimental): Determine the 2-port parameters for an unknown circuit (shown in blue) given the following experimental data:

Case 1:

- $V_{in} = 1\text{mV @ } 1\text{kHz}$
- $R_a = 0\text{ Ohms}$
- $R_b = \text{infinity (open)}$
- $V_{out} = 96\text{mV @ } 1\text{kHz}$

Case 2:

- $V_{in} = 1\text{mV @ } 1\text{kHz}$
- $R_a = R\text{ Ohms}$
- $R_b = \text{infinity (open)}$
- $V_{out} = 63\text{mV @ } 1\text{kHz}$

Case 3:

- $V_{in} = 1\text{mV @ } 1\text{kHz}$
- $R_a = 0\text{ Ohms}$
- $R_b = R\text{ Ohms}$
- $V_{out} = 28\text{mV @ } 1\text{kHz}$

Assume

- $R = 900 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})\text{ Ohms}$
- $A_i = 0$

R	R_{in}	A_i	R_{out}	A_o
$900 + 100 * mo + day$		0		

