ECE 321 - Homework #2

Temperature Sensors, Active Filters.

Temperature Sensors

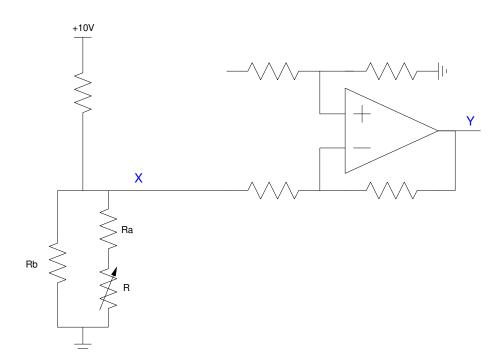
Assume you are using a thermistor where the temperature - resistance relationship is

$$R = 1000 \exp\left(\frac{3905}{T + 273} - \frac{3905}{298}\right) \Omega$$

where T is the temperature in degrees C.

- 1) Design a linearizing circuit so that the resistance is approximately linear from 0C to +40C. Plot the resulting resitance vs. temperature relationship.
- 2) Using the linearizing circuit from problem 4, design a circuit which outputs
 - 0V at 0C
 - +5V at +40C
 - Proportional in between.

Plot the resulting output voltage vs. temperature.



Active Filters

(Over)

Active Filters

3) Give an op-amp circuit to implement the following filter

$$Y = \left(\frac{200}{(s+2)(s+5)(s+10)}\right)X$$

- 4) Determine the gain vs. frequency for this circuit using CircuitLab.
- 5) Give an op-amp circuit to implement the following filter

$$Y = \left(\frac{500}{\left(s^2 + 2s + 10\right)\left(s^2 + 2s + 38\right)}\right)X$$

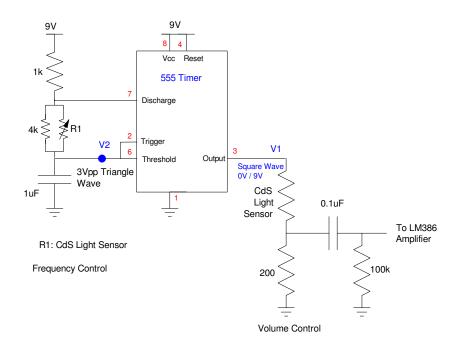
6) Determine the gain vs. frequency for this circuit using CircuitLab.

Electronic Theramin

A circuit which uses two light sensors (photo-resistors) to

- Adjust the frequency of a 555 timer and
- Adjust the volume of a 555 timer

is as follows:



- 7) Simulate this circuit in CircuitLab with
 - R1 = R2 = 100k Ohms (dark)
 - R1 = R2 = 1k (light)
- 8) Build this circuit on a breadboard
 - Take measurements when R1 is under normal light levels and when dark
- 9) Demo either in person or with a video