ECE 376 - Test #2: Name

C-Programming on a PIC Processor

Open book, open notes. Calculators and Matlab permitted. Individual effort (help from other people or web sites where other people help you solve the problems not permitted).

1) C Coding & Flow Charts (25 points)

Write a C program for door alarm:

- RB0 is connected to a door (0V = closed, 5V = open)
- If the door is left open for 30 seconds, an alarm goes off
- Once the door is closed, the alarm turns off





2) Subroutines: (25 points)

Assume TIME is a counter which is incremented every 2ms

• TIME goes from 0 (0 seconds) to 15,000 (30 seconds)

Write a C subroutine to display TIME as an 8-bit bar graph on PORTD.

- TIME is passed to the subroutine (0 to 15,000 corresponding to 0-30 seconds)
- Each LED represents 3.75 seconds (30 seconds / 8)
- Each 3.75 seconds, another LED lights up until all 8 LEDs are lit up at 30 seconds

```
RD7
                           RD6
                                  RD5
                                          RD4
                                                  RD3
                                                         RD2
                                                                RD1
                                                                        RD0
                                                         ( )
                                                                 (
                                  22.5s
                                                                 7.5s
                                                                        3.75s
                    30s
                           26.25s
                                         18.75s
                                                  15s
                                                        11.25s
void BarGraph(unsigned int TIME) {
    if(TIME < 1865) PORTD = 0;
     elseif(TIME < 3750) PORTD = 1;
    elseif(TIME < 5265) PORTD = 3;
    elseif(TIME < 7500) PORTD = 7;
     elseif (TIME < 9375) PORTD = 0 \times 0F;
     elseif(TIME < 11250) PORTD = 0x1F;
     elseif(TIME < 11250) PORTD = 0x3F;
     elseif(TIME < 13125) PORTD = 0x7F;
     else PORTD = 0xFF;
     }
```

Another variation

```
void BarGraph(unsigned int TIME) {
    unsigned char X;
    X = TIME / 1865;
    if(X > 7) PORTD = 0xFF;
    if(X == 7) PORTD = 0x7F;
    if(X == 6) PORTD = 0x3F;
    if(X == 5) PORTD = 0x1F;
    if(X == 4) PORTD = 0x0F;
    if(X == 3) PORTD = 0x07;
    if(X == 2) PORTD = 0x03;
    if(X == 1) PORTD = 0x00;
    if(X == 0) PORTD = 0x00;
}
```

3) Analog Inputs (25 points)

Assume the A/D input to a PIC processor has the following hardware connection where R is a 3k thermistor where T is the temperature in degrees C

$$R = 3000 \cdot \exp\left(\frac{4000}{T + 273} - \frac{4000}{298}\right)\Omega$$

Let T be your birth date (1..31) in degrees C

T = your birth date (degrees C)

At this temperature, determine

- The resistance, R,
- The voltage, V1,
- The A/D reading, and
- The smallest change in termperature you can detect

14 5018.22		2.3043	312.4304	0.00020				
14	5010.00	0 5045	510 4004	0.00050				
birth date (131)	Ohms	Volts	01023	can detect				
T (degees C)	R	V1	A/D Reading	Smallest change in T you				
• The smallest change in termperature you can delect								

A/D reading is 512.4304

Add one (smallest change is one count)

A/D = 513.4304
V1 = 2.5094V

$$R = \left(\frac{V_1}{5-V_1}\right) \cdot 5000\Omega$$

 $R = 5037.8824\Omega$
 $T = 13.9195^{\circ}C$
 $\delta T = 14^{\circ} - 13.9195^{\circ} = 0.0805^{\circ}C$



4) chi-squared test (10 points)

If each NFL football game is a coin toss (50/50 chance of any team winning), the pdf for the number of wins a given team has after 16 games should be a binomial distribution (pdf for flipping a coin 16 times).

Use a chi-squared test to determine if the you can reject the hypothesis that NFL games are random using the number of wins each team had at the end of the 2018, 2019, and 2021 NFL season.

# Wins wins after 16 games	p binomial distribution	np expected results	N actual results	Chi-Squared	
0-2	0.0021	0.20	1	3.2	
3-5	0.1030	9.88	21	12.51	
6-7	6-7 0.2968		28.49 22		
8-10	8-10 0.4931		30	6.35	
11-13	0.1030	9.88	21	12.51	
14-16 0.0021		0.20	1	3.2	
			Total	39.26	

I am more than 99% certain that NFL games are not just a coin toss

Chi-Squared Table

Probability of	rejecting the	e null hypothe	esis

				5	5 0	21				
dof	99%	95%	90%	80%	60%	40%	20%	10%	5%	1%
1	6.64	3.84	2.71	1.65	0.71	0.28	0.06	0.02	0	0
2	9.21	5.99	4.61	3.22	1.83	1.02	0.45	0.21	0.05	0.01
3	11.35	7.82	6.25	4.64	2.95	1.87	1.01	0.58	0.22	0.07
4	13.28	9.49	7.78	5.99	4.05	2.75	1.65	1.06	0.48	0.21
5	15.09	11.07	9.24	7.29	5.13	3.66	2.34	1.61	0.83	0.41
6	16.81	12.59	10.64	8.55	6.21	4.57	3.07	2.20	1.63	0.87
7	18.47	14.06	12.02	9.80	7.28	5.49	3.82	2.83	2.17	1.24

5) t-Tests (15 points)

The number of points the Vikings have scored over the past six weeks are:

- Points Scored by Vikings: {23, 24, 28, 28, 29, 24}
- Mean = 26.00
- Standard Deviation = 2.61

a) What is the chance that the Vikings will score more than 30 points their next game?

• Note: A normal distrubution is a continuous distribution whereas points are discrete. You can approximate this by saying scoring more than 30.5 points (continuous pdf) equates to scoring more than 30 points (discrete pdf). No penalty if you didn't do that.

$$t = \left(\frac{30.5 - 26}{2.61}\right) = 1.7241$$

5 degrees of freedom

p = 8% (approx - 1.72 is between 5% and 10%)

The Vikings have an 8% chance of score 30 points or more

b) How many points can the defense give up if the Vikings are to have a 95% chance of winning?

5 degrees of freedom, 5% tail, means the t-score is 2.02

$$t = 2.02 = \left(\frac{26-X}{2.61}\right)$$
$$X = 26 - 2.02 \cdot 2.61$$
$$X = 20.73$$

If the defense gives up 20 points, the Vikings have a 95% chance of winning the game

Student t-Table area of tail										
dof \ p	0.25	0.20	0.15	0.10	0.05	0.025	0.01	0.005	0.001	0.0005
1	1	1.38	1.96	3.08	6.31	12.71	31.82	63.66	318.31	636.62
2	0.82	1.06	1.39	1.89	2.92	4.3	6.97	9.93	22.33	31.6
3	0.77	0.98	1.25	1.64	2.35	3.18	4.54	5.84	10.22	12.92
4	0.74	0.94	1.19	1.53	2.13	2.78	3.75	4.6	7.17	8.61
5	0.73	0.92	1.16	1.48	2.02	2.57	3.37	4.03	5.89	6.87
6	0.72	0.91	1.13	1.44	1.94	2.45	3.14	3.71	5.21	5.96
7	0.71	0.90	1.12	1.41	1.89	2.36	3.00	3.50	4.78	5.41
infinity	0.674	0.842	1.036	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.090	3.29