

ECE 376 - Test #3: Name _____

Fall 2022. Open-Book, Open Note

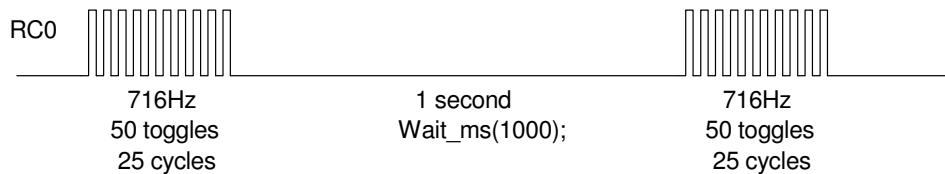
1) Single Interrupt: Write a program for a back-up alarm using TIme2 interrupts.

a) Set up Timer2 to output a 716Hz square wave on RC0

N f = 716Hz	A	B	C
6983.24	7	249	4

Write the main routine and interrupt servive routine which

- Plays 716 Hz on RC0
- For 50 toggles (25 cycles)
- Waits (pauses) for 1 second,
- Then repeats



Main Routine - main loop Play 716 Hz for 25 cycles every second Assume Timer2 has been initialized for 716Hz	Timer2 Interrupt Routine Play 716Hz for 25 cycles every second
<pre>while(1) { N = 50; while(N); Wait_ms(1000); }</pre>	<pre>void Interrupt(void) { if(TMR2IF) { if(N) { N = N - 1; RC0 = !RC0; } else RC0 = 0; TMR2IF = 0; } }</pre>
Main Routine - main loop Play 716 Hz for 25 cycles every second Assume Timer2 has been initialized for 716Hz	Timer2 Interrupt Routine Play 716Hz for 25 cycles every second
<pre>while(1) { }</pre>	<pre>void Interrupt(void) { if(TMR2IF) { N += 1; if(N > 716*2) N = 0; if(N < 50) RC0 = !RC0; else RC0 = 0; TMR2IF = 0; } }</pre>

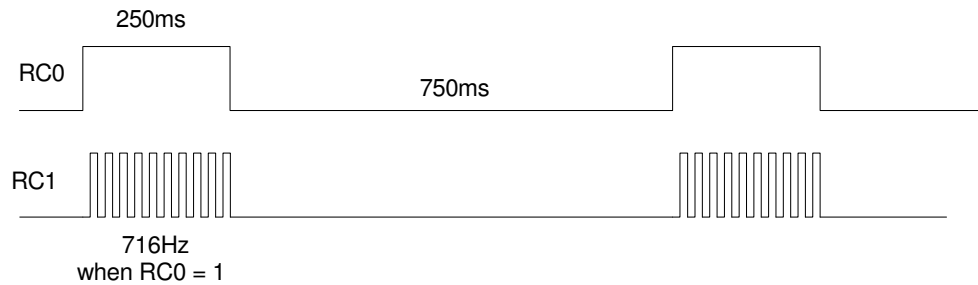
2) Multiple Interrupts: Write a C program for a back-up alarm

Timer0 controls the output on RC0:

- RC0 is set for 250ms then cleared for 750ms, then repeats

Timer1 controls the output on RC1:

- RC1 outputs 716Hz whenever RC0 = 1



a) Specify the pre-scalar used for Timer0 and Timer1

Timer0 Pre-Scalar	Timer1 Pre-Scalar
256	1

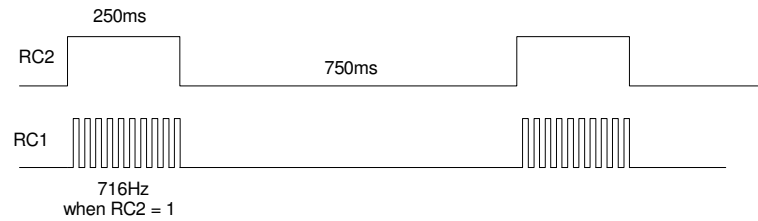
Interrupt Service Routines

Timer0 Set RC0 for 250ms then Clear RC0 for 750ms & repeat	Timer1 Toggle RC1 at 716Hz whenever RC0 = 1
<pre>if (TMR0IF) { if (RC0) { RC0 = 0; TMR0 = -29296; } else { RC0 = 1; TMR0 = -9765; } TMR0IF = 0; }</pre>	<pre>if (TMR1IF) { TMR1 = -6983; if (RC0) RC1 = !RC1; else RC1 = 0; TMR1IF = 0; }</pre>

3) Timer1 Compare: Backup Alarm

Write the interrupt service routine for a back-up alarm.

- RC2 outputs a 250ms pulse every 1000ms (controlled by Timer1 Compare1 interrupts)
- RC1 outputs a 716Hz square wave when RC2 = 1 (controlled by Timer1 Compare2 interrupts)



// Interrupt Initialization

Timer1 pre-scalar (1 / 2 / 4 / 8)	Compare1 (RC2) Set RC2 / Clear RC2 / No Change	Compare 2 (RC1) Set RC1 / Clear RC1 / No Change
1	Set (once) No change (249 times) Clear (once) No change (749 times)	set then clear (alternate)

// Global Variables (if needed)

// Interrupts

Timer1	Compare 1 Output a 250ms pulse every 1000ms	Compare 2 Output 716Hz when RC2 = 1
<pre>if(TMR1IF) { TMR1IF = 0; }</pre> <p>Comment: Timer1 doesn't do much other than run so that Compare1 and 2 work</p>	<pre>if(CCPR1IF) { CCPR1 += 10000; ms = (ms + 1)%1000; if(ms == 0) CCP1CON = 8; elseif(ms == 250) CCP1CON = 9; else CCP1CON = 10; CCP1IF = 0; }</pre> <p>Comment: Capture1 interrupts every 1.000ms ms counts mod 1000 when ms = 0, RC2 is set when ms = 250 RC2 is cleared no change for other numbers</p>	<pre>if(CCPR2IF) { CCPR2 += 6983; if(RC2) { if(CCP2CON == 8) CCP2CON = 9; else CCP2CON = 8; CCP2IF = 9; } else CCP2CON = 9; CCP2IF = 0; }</pre> <p>Comment Capture2 toggles RC1 every interrupt (it alternates between set and clear)</p>

4) Filter Analysis: Assume X and Y are related by the following transfer function

$$Y = \left(\frac{0.02(z+1)}{(z-0.9)(z-0.7)} \right) X = \left(\frac{0.02z+0.02}{z^2-1.6z+0.63} \right) X$$

a) What is the difference equation that relates X and Y?

$$y(k+2) - 1.6y(k+1) + 0.63y(k) = 0.02(x(k+1) + x(k))$$

b) Find y(t) assuming

$$x(t) = 6 + 2 \cos(250t) + 5 \sin(250t)$$

Assume a sampling rate of T us where

- $T = 800 + 100 \cdot (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$ micro-seconds
- **T = 1314us**

$$x(t) = 6$$

$$s = 0$$

$$z = 1$$

$$Y = \left(\frac{0.02(z+1)}{(z-0.9)(z-0.7)} \right)_{z=1} \cdot (6)$$

$$Y = 8.00$$

$$x(t) = 2 \cos(250t) + 5 \sin(250t)$$

$$s = j250$$

$$z = e^{sT} = 1 \angle 18.82^\circ$$

$$X = 2 - j5$$

$$Y = \left(\frac{0.02(z+1)}{(z-0.9)(z-0.7)} \right)_{z=1 \angle 18.82^\circ} \cdot (2 - j5)$$

$$Y = -1.5632 + j0.3666$$

$$y(t) = -1.5632 \cos(250t) - 0.3666 \sin(250t)$$

The total answer is DC + AC

$$y(t) = 8.000 - 1.5632 \cos(250t) - 0.3666 \sin(250t)$$