## Solution to Homework #9: ECE 461/661

Meeting design specs, Delays, Lightly Damped Systems

Problem 1: Delays. Assume you have a system with a 200ms delay:

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{200}{(s+2)(s+5)(s+10)(s+15)}\right) \cdot e^{-0.2s}$$

Design a compensator which results in the closed-loop system having

- 20% overshoot for a step input.
- No error for a step input, and
- A 2% settling time of 4 seconds

Let

$$K(s) = k\left(\frac{(s+2)(s+5)}{s(s+a)}\right)$$

At s = -1 + j2

$$GK = \left( \left( \frac{200}{s(s+a)(s+10)(s+15)} \right) \cdot e^{-0.2s} \right)_{s=-1+j2} = 1 \angle 180^{\circ}$$
$$\left( \left( \frac{200}{s(s+10)(s+15)} \right) \cdot e^{-0.2s} \right)_{s=-1+j2} = 0.8379 \angle -160.14^{\circ}$$

meaning that the term (s+a) contributes another 19.85 degrees

$$\angle (s+a) = 19.85^{\circ}$$
$$a = 1 + \frac{2}{\tan(19.85^{\circ})} = 6.5377$$

and

$$K(s) = k \left( \frac{(s+2)(s+5)}{s(s+6.5377)} \right)$$

$$GK = \left( \left( \frac{200}{s(s+6.5377)(s+10)(s+15)} \right) \cdot e^{-0.2s} \right)_{s=-1+j2} = 0.1423 \angle 180^{0}$$

$$k = \frac{1}{0.1423} = 7.0271$$

$$K(s) = 7.0271 \left( \frac{(s+2)(s+5)}{s(s+6.5377)} \right)$$

Design an op-amp circuit to implement K(s)

$$K(s) = \left(\frac{s+2}{s}\right) \left(\frac{7.02(s+5)}{(s+6.5377)}\right)$$



Determine the dominant poles of the closed-loop system

s = -1 + j2

Plot the step response of the closed-loop system using VisSim (or similar program)





Problem 2: Lightly Damped Systems: Assume you have a system which is lightly damped:

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{200}{(s+2)(s+j4)(s-j4)}\right)$$

Design a compensator which results in the closed-loop system having

- 20% overshoot for a step input.
- No error for a step input, and
- A 2% settling time of 4 seconds
- Design an op-amp circuit to implement K(s)
- Determine the dominant poles of the closed-loop system
- Plot the step response of the closed-loop system using VisSim (or similar program)

**Step 1: Stabilize the System.** Ignore the requirements - just come up with a compensator to stabilize the closed-loop system.

$$K_1(s) = \left(\frac{(s+1)(s+2)}{(s+10)(s+11)}\right)$$
$$GK_1 = \left(\frac{200(s+1)}{(s+j4)(s-j4)(s+10)(s+11)}\right)$$

Sketch the root locus



It's not great, but at least it's stable. Pick a spot on the root locus and find k:

Add a second compensator to meet the requirements

$$K_2 = \left(\frac{(s+3.902)(s+0.7295+j6)(s+0.7295-j6)}{s(s+1)(s+a)}\right)$$
$$G_2K_2 = \left(\frac{400}{s(s+a)(s+15.64)}\right)$$

Pick 'a' so that s = -1 + j2 is on the root locus

$$\left(\frac{400}{s(s+15.64)}\right)_{s=-1+j2} = 12.106\angle -124.34^{\circ}$$

For the angles to add to 180 degrees

$$\angle (s+a) = 55.66^{\circ}$$
$$a = 1 + \frac{2}{\tan(55.66^{\circ})} = 2.367$$

meaning

$$G_2 K_2 = \left(\frac{400}{s(s+2.367)(s+15.64)}\right)$$

- >> K2 = zpk([-3.902,-0.7295+j\*6,-0.7295-j\*6],[0,-1,-2.367],1);
  >> evalfr(G2\*K2,-1+j\*2)
  -5.8299 0.0012i
- >> 1/abs(ans)

Checking in VisSim (or Simulink)

