

# ECE 461/661 - Test #3: Name \_\_\_\_\_

November 21, 2018

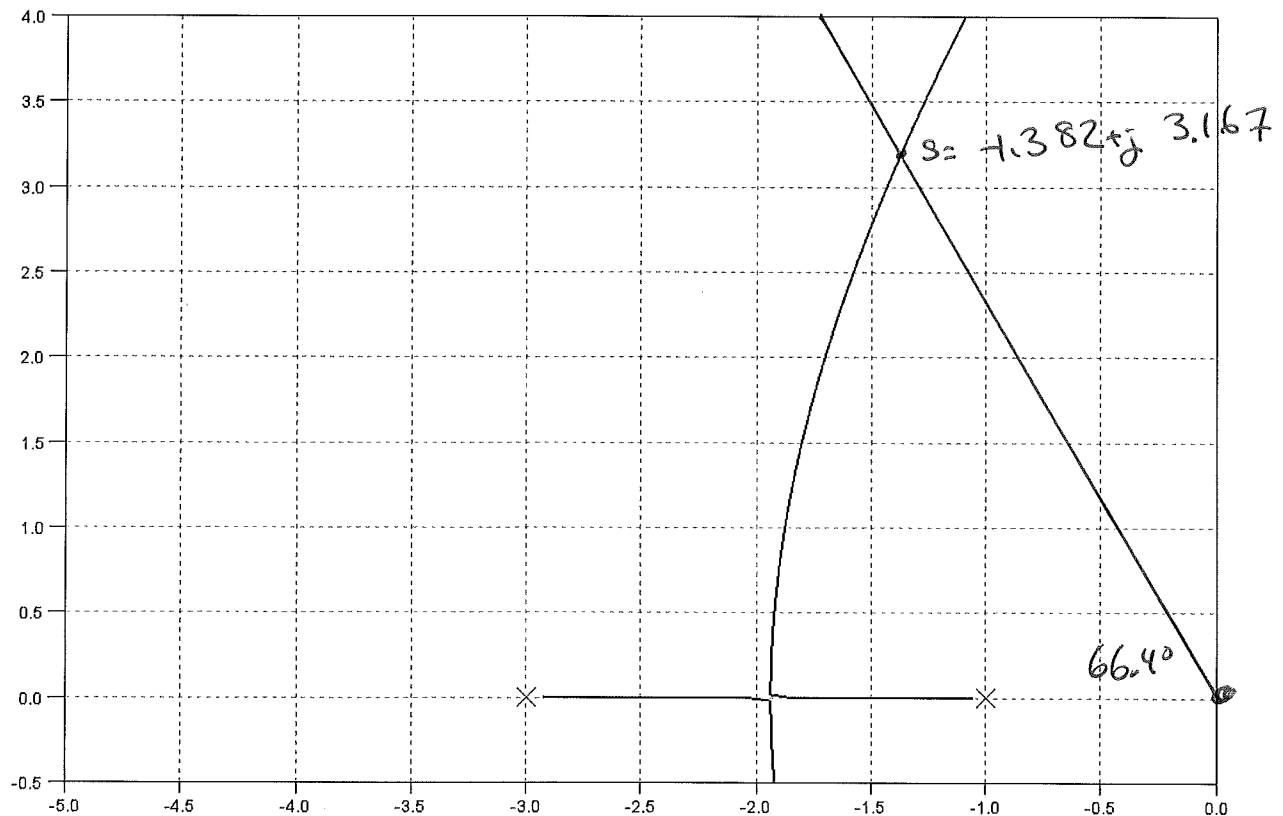
1) The root locus for

$$G(s) = \left( \frac{100}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+10)} \right)$$

is shown below. Determine the gain,  $k$ , which results in a damping ratio of 0.4. For the value of  $k$ , determine the following:

k for a damping ratio of 0.4	1.041
For this value of $k$ , what will be the closed-loop system's...	
Dominant Pole(s)	$-1.382 \pm j 3.167$
Closed-Loop DC gain	.776
2% Settling Time	$\frac{4}{1.382} = 2.984 \text{ sec}$

$$k_p = 3.471$$

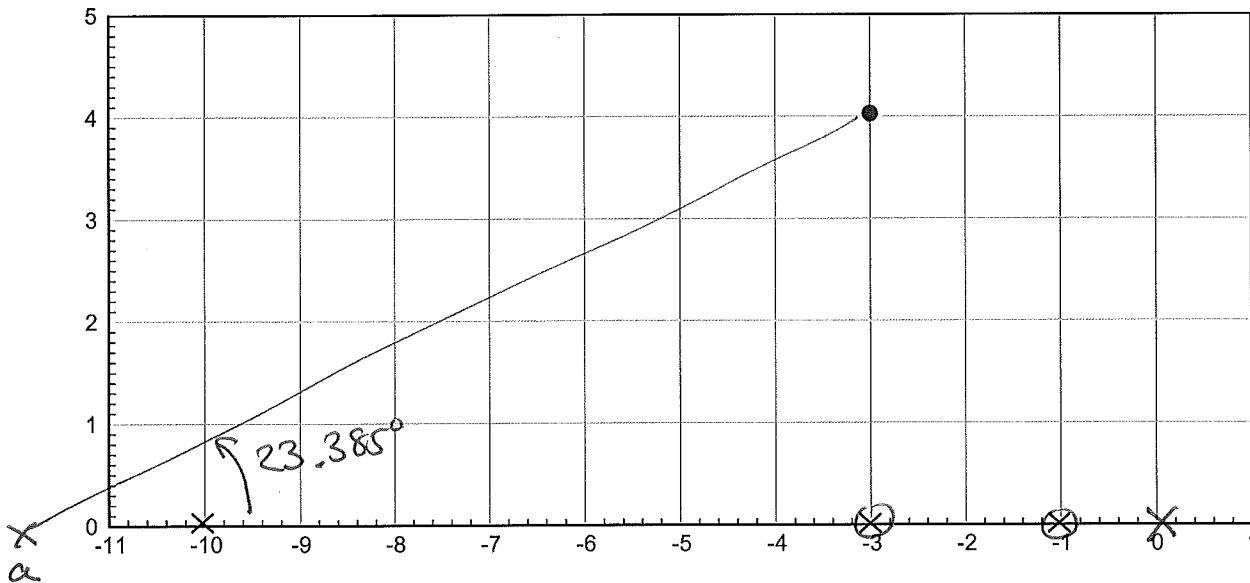


2) Assume the transfer function for a system is:

$$G(s) = \left( \frac{100}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+10)} \right)$$

Design a **continuous-time** compensator,  $K(s)$ , so that the closed-loop system has

- No error for a step input, and
- Closed-loop dominant poles at  $s = -3 + j4$



$$K(s) = \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{s(s+a)}$$

$$\frac{100}{s(s+10)} \Big|_{s=-3+j4} = 32 \angle -156.6^\circ \quad \uparrow \text{off by } 23.385^\circ$$

$$a = \frac{4}{\tan(23.385^\circ)} + 3 = 12.25$$

$$GK = \frac{100}{s(s+10)(s+12.25)} \Big|_{s=-3+j4} = 0.246 \angle 180^\circ$$

$$K = \frac{1}{0.246} = 4.063$$

$$K(s) = 4.063 \frac{(s+1)(s+3)}{s(s+12.25)}$$

3) Assume the transfer function for a system is:

$$G(s) = \left( \frac{100}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+10)} \right)$$

Design a **discrete-time** compensator,  $K(z)$ , so that the closed-loop system has

- No error for a step input, and
- Closed-loop dominant poles at  $s = -3 + j4$
- A sampling rate of 100ms ( $T = 0.1$ )

Closed-Loop Dominant Poles in the z-plane	$K(z)$
$.682 + j.288$	$3.574 \frac{(z - .9048)(z - .741)}{(z - 1)(z - .023)}$

$$\frac{100}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+10)} \Big|_s \cdot e^{-sT/2} \cdot K(z) = 1 \angle 180^\circ$$

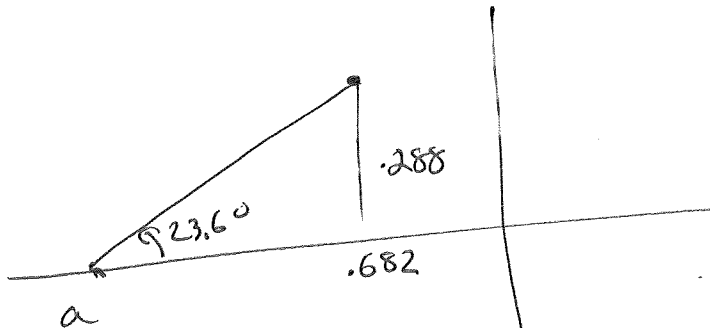
$$K(z) = \frac{(z - .9048)(z - .741)}{(z - 1)}$$

$$\frac{100}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+10)} \cdot e^{-sT/2} \cdot \frac{(z - .9048)(z - .741)}{(z - 1)} \Big|_{s = -3 + j4}$$

$$= (.693 \angle 123^\circ) (1.162 \angle -11.4^\circ) (.25 \angle 91^\circ) -$$

$$= .201 \angle -156^\circ$$

Zero by  $23.6^\circ$



$$a = \frac{.288}{\tan(23.6^\circ)} + .682 = .023$$

$$K(z) = \frac{(z - .9048)(z - .741)}{(z - 1)(z - .023)}$$

$$G \cdot K \cdot D = .280 \angle 180^\circ \quad K = 1/.280$$

4a) Determine  $G(z)$ : a discrete-time transfer function with approximately the same step response as  $G(s)$ . Assume a sampling rate of 100ms ( $T = 0.1$ )

$$G(s) = \left( \frac{100}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+10)} \right)$$

DC gain = 3.333

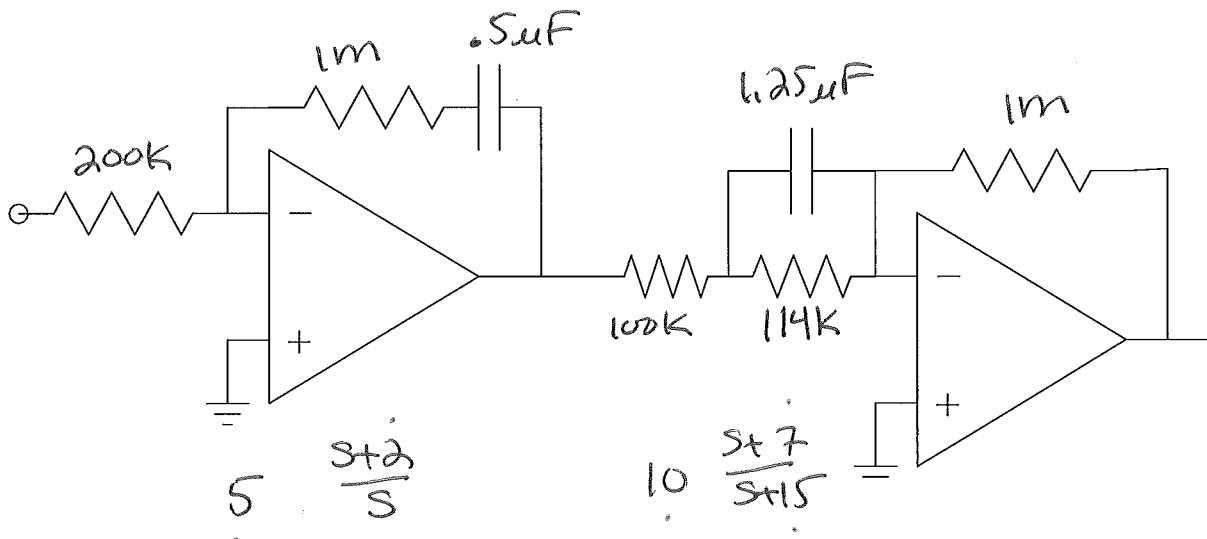
$$G(z) = \frac{0.0520}{(z - 0.9048)(z - 0.7408)(z - 0.3679)}$$

= 3.333

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4b) Design a circuit to implement  $K(s)$

$$K(s) = \left( \frac{50(s+2)(s+7)}{s(s+15)} \right)$$



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**Industrial Hemp Bonus!** There are 10 essential amino acids that we must have in our food: our body cannot make them (8) or has extreme difficulty making (2). How many of these 10 essential amino acids are in hemp seeds?

all 10