

Homework #6: ECE 461/661

Error Constants, Routh Criteria, Sketching a Root Locus. Due Monday, October 11th

Error Constants

1) Determine the error constants and steady-state error for the following systems

G(s)	System Type	Kp	Kv	Error for a unit step input
$\left(\frac{20}{(s+2)(s+10)}\right)$	0	1	0	1/2
$\left(\frac{20}{s(s+2)(s+10)}\right)$	1	infinity n/a	1	0
$\left(\frac{20(s+0.3)}{s^2(s+2)(s+10)}\right)$	2	infinity n/a	infinity	0
$\left(\frac{20}{(s-2)(s+10)}\right)$	0	-1	0	infinity

Routh Criteria

Determine the range of k that results in a negative definite polynomial (i.e. a stable system)

2) $(s - 2)(s + 10)(s + 12) + 2k = 0$

$$s^3 + 20s^2 + 76s - 240 + 2k = 0$$

1	76	0	
20	-240+2k	0	
$-\frac{\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 76 \\ 20 & -240+2k \end{vmatrix}}{20} = 88 - 0.1k$	$-\frac{\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 20 & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{20} = 0$	0	k < 880
$-\frac{\begin{vmatrix} 20 & 240+2k \\ 64-0.1k & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{64-0.1k} = -240 + 2k$	0	0	k > 120
0	0	0	

result:

$$120 < k < 880$$

$$3) \quad (s + 2)(s + 5)(s + 10)(s + 12) + 2k = 0$$

$$s^4 + 29s^3 + 284s^2 + 1060s + 1200 + 2k = 0$$

1	284	1200+2k	
29	1,060	0	
247.4833 (a)	1200 + 2k (d)	0	
919.3645 - 0.2344k (b)	0	0	k < 3922
1200 + 2k (c)	0	0	k > -600
0	0	0	

ans **-600 < k < 3922**

$$(a) \quad \frac{- \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 284 \\ 29 & 1060 \end{vmatrix}}{29} = 247.45$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{- \begin{vmatrix} 29 & 1060 \\ 247.45 & 1200+2k \end{vmatrix}}{247.45} = 919.35 - 0.2344k$$

$$(c) \quad \frac{- \begin{vmatrix} 247.45 & 1200+2k \\ 919.35-0.2344k & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{919.35-0.2344k} = 1200 + 2k$$

$$(d) \quad \frac{- \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1200+2k \\ 29 & 0 \end{vmatrix}}{29} = 1200 + 2k$$

Sketching a Root Locus

Sketch the root locus plot for the following systems for $0 < k < \infty$. Also plot the

- real axis loci, break away points, jw crossings (if any), and asymptotes

$$4) \quad (s - 2)(s + 10)(s + 12) + 2k = 0$$

Real Axis Loci: $(+2, -10), (-12, -\infty)$

Breakaway Point: $s = -2.295$

$$\frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{(s-2)(s+10)(s+12)}{2} \right) = 0$$

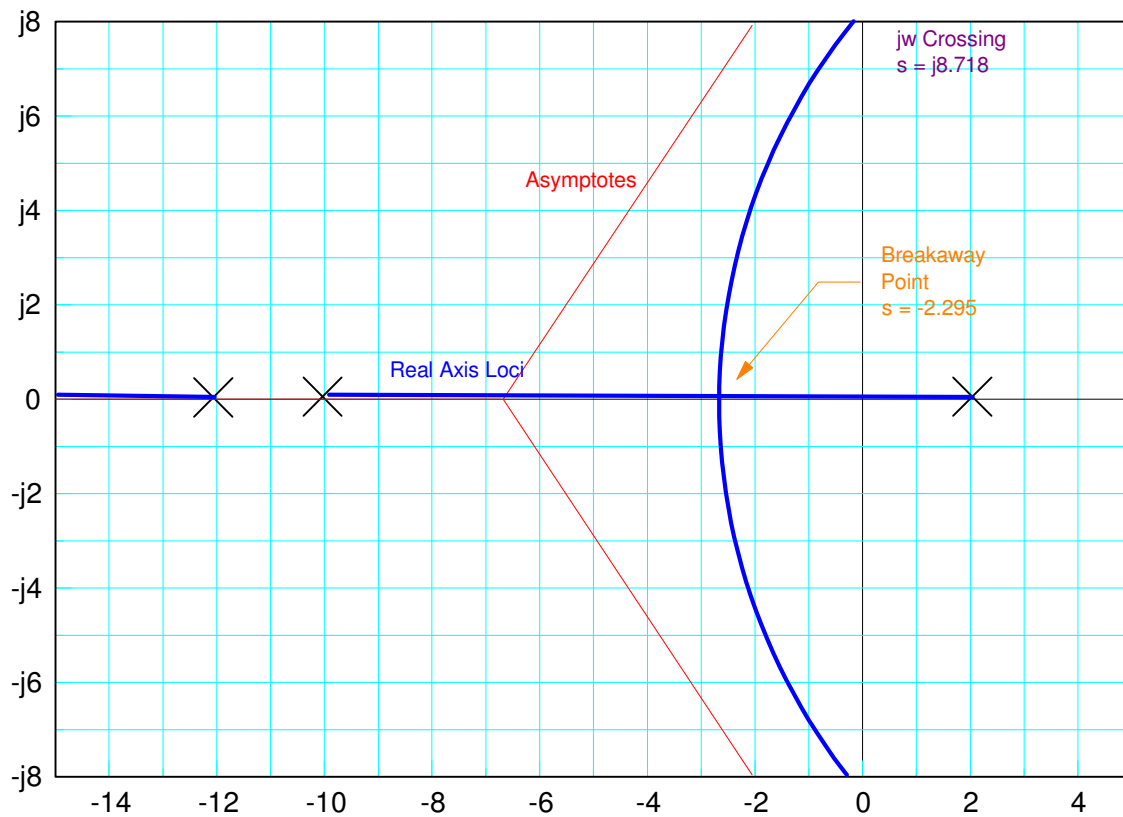
search along the line $(x + j0.1)$ until the angles add to 180 degrees

jw Crossing: $s = j8.718$

search along the line $(0 + jx)$ until the angles add to 180 degrees

Asymptotes:

- 3 asymptotes
- Asymptote Intersect: $\left(\frac{+2-10-12}{3} \right) = -6.667$
- Asymptote Angle: 180 degrees, +/- 60 degrees



$$5) \quad (s + 2)(s + 5)(s + 10)(s + 12) + 2k = 0$$

Real Axis Loci: $(-2, -5), (-10, -12)$

Breakaway Points: $s = -11.135, s = -3.125$

$$\bullet \quad \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{(s+2)(s+5)(s+10)(s+12)}{2} \right) = 0$$

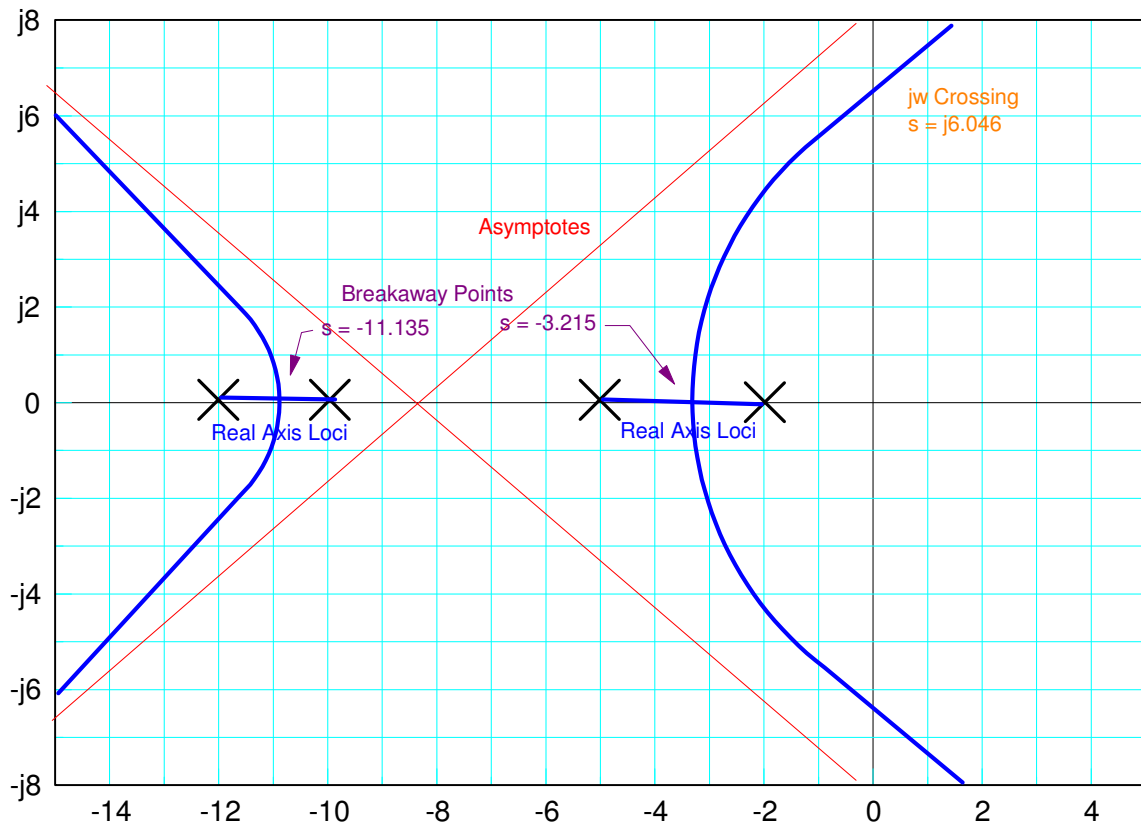
- Search along the line $(x + j0.1)$ until the angle of $G(s)$ is 180 degrees

jw Crossing: $s = j6.046$

- search along the line $(0 + jx)$ until the angle of $G(s)$ is 180 degrees

Asymptotes

- 4 asymptotes
- +/- 45 degrees, +/- 135 degrees
- Intersect: $= \left(\frac{-2-5-10-12}{4} \right) = -7.25$



Root Locus with Complex Poles & Zeros

Sketch the root locus plot for the following systems for $0 < k < \infty$. Also plot the

- real axis loci, break away points, jw crossings (if any), asymptotes, and departure/approach angle

$$6) \quad G(s) = \left(\frac{s+5}{s(s^2+2s+5)} \right) = \left(\frac{s+5}{s(s+1+j2)(s+1-j2)} \right)$$

Real Axis Loci: (0, -5)

Breakaway Points: none

jw Crossing: $j2.887$

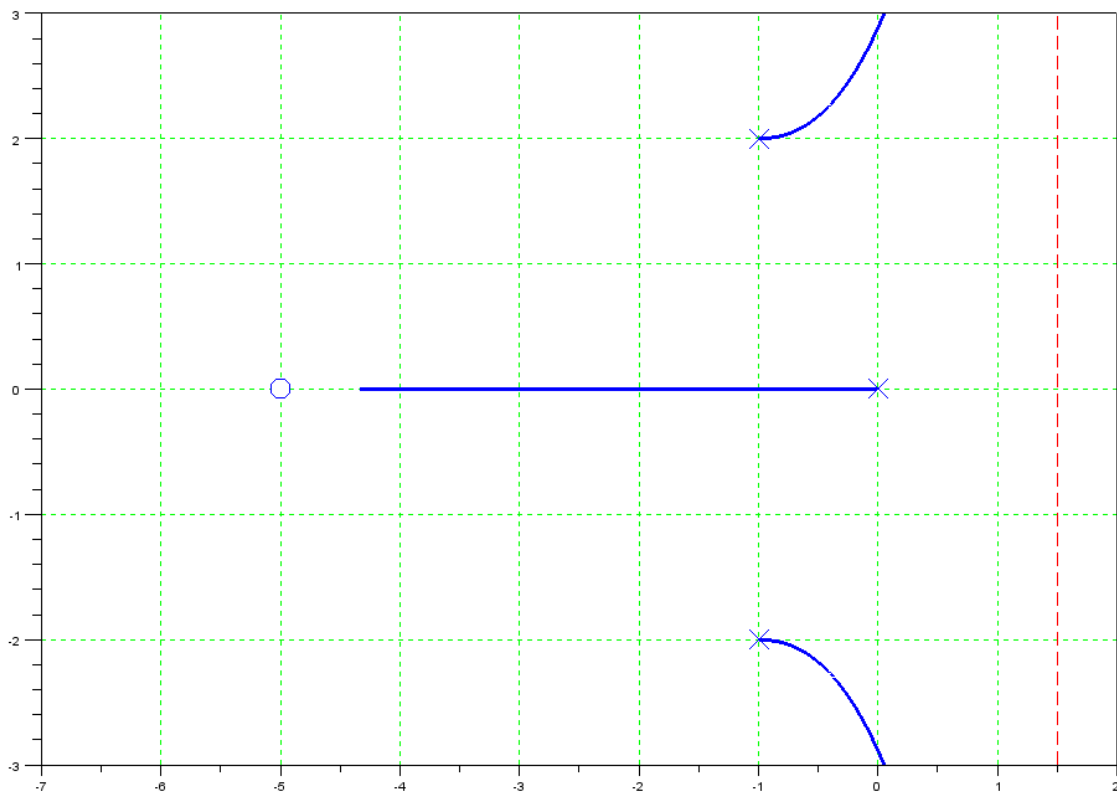
Asymptotes:

- 2 asymptotes $3 \text{ poles} - 1 \text{ zero} = 2 \text{ asymptotes}$
- Intersect: $\left(\frac{(0-1-1)-(-5)}{3-1} \right) = +1.5$
- Angle: ± 90 degrees

Departure Angle: 0 degrees

$$\text{angle} \left(\frac{s+5}{s(s+1+j2)(s+1-j2)} \right)_{s=-1+j2} = \text{angle} \left(\frac{1}{(s+1-j2)} \right) + \text{angle} \left(\frac{s+5}{s(s+1+j2)} \right) = 180^\circ$$

$$\text{angle} \left(\frac{1}{(s+1-j2)} \right) + 180^\circ = 180^\circ$$



$$7) \quad G(s) = \left(\frac{s^2+2s+5}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s+6)} \right) = \left(\frac{(s+1+j2)(s+1-j2)}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s+6)} \right)$$

Real Axis Loci: (0, -2), (-4, -6)

Breakaway Points: -0.802, -5.064

jw Crossing none

Asymptotes

- 2 asymptotes 4 poles - 2 zeros
- Angle +/- 90 degrees
- Intercept -5.00

Approach Angle

$$\text{angle} \left(\frac{(s+1+j2)(s+1-j2)}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s+6)} \right)_{s \rightarrow -1+j2} = 180^\circ$$

$$\text{angle} \left(\frac{(s+1+j2)}{s(s+2)(s+4)(s+6)} \right)_{s \rightarrow -1+j2} + \text{angle}(s+1-j2)_{s \rightarrow -1+j2} = 180^\circ$$

$$-145.491^\circ + \text{angle}(s+1-j2)_{s \rightarrow -1+j2} = 180^\circ$$

$$\text{angle}(s+1-j2)_{s \rightarrow -1+j2} = 325.491^\circ = -35.509^\circ$$

