

ECE 461/661 - Test #2: Name _____

Feedback and Root Locus - Fall 2022

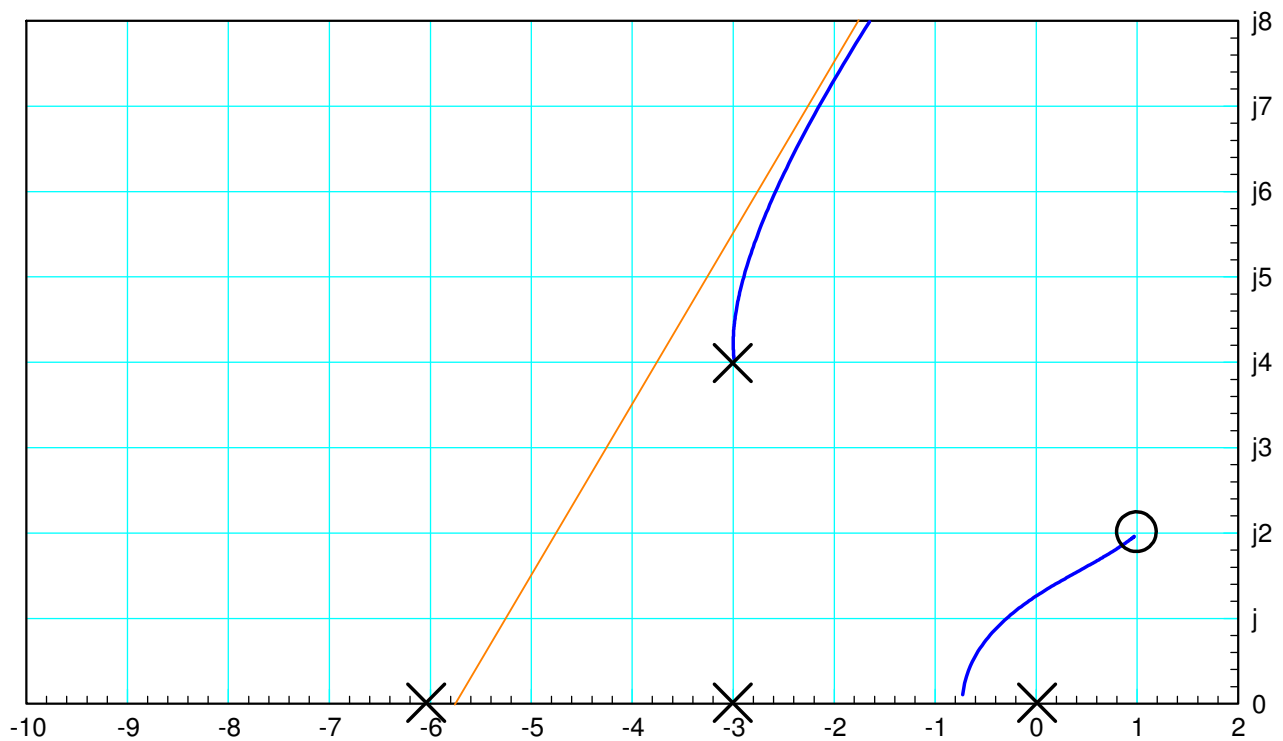
Root Locus

1) The root locus of $G(s)$ is shown below.

$$G(s) = \left(\frac{10(s-1+j2)(s-1-j2)}{s(s+3)(s+6)(s+3+j4)(s+3-j4)} \right)$$

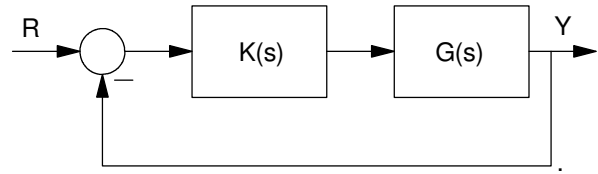
Determine the following

Approach Angle to the zero at $+1+j2$	Departure Angle from the pole at $-3+j4$	Real Axis Loci
-134.3097 deg	97.125 deg	(0, -3), (-6, -inf)
Breakaway Point (approx)	Asymptotes	jw Crossing(s)
$s = -0.7406$	+/- 60 degrees, 180 degrees intercept = $-17/3$	$j1.2723, j10.8935$



Gain Compensation

2) Determine the gain ($K(s) = k$) so that the feedback system has 60% overshoot for a step input. Also determine the closed-loop dominant pole(s) and error constant, K_p

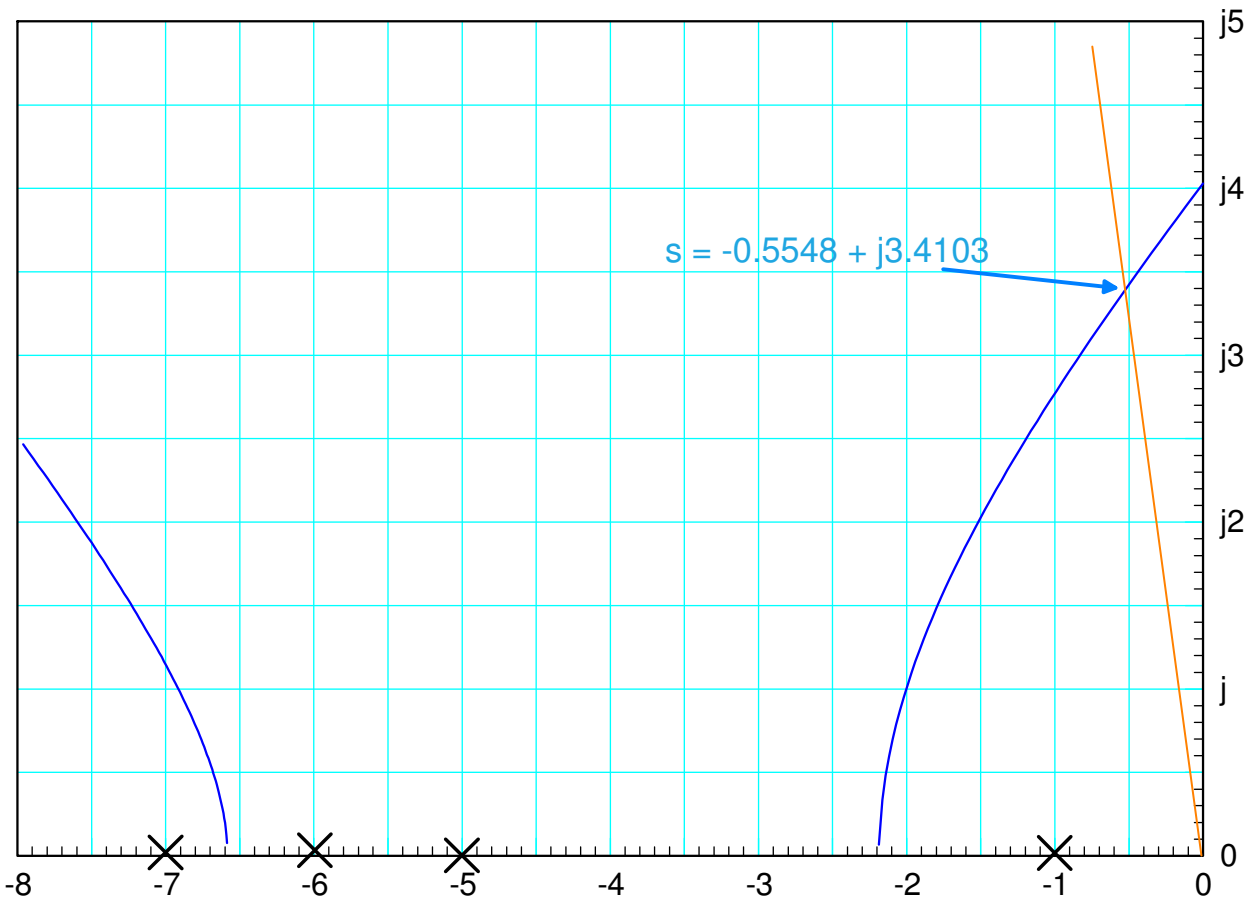


$$G(s) = \left(\frac{100}{(s+1)(s+5)(s+6)(s+7)} \right)$$

k 60% overshoot	Closed-Loop dominant pole(s)	K_p Error Constant
9.0275	$s = -0.5548 + j3.4103$	4.3

$\zeta = 0.1605$, $\text{angle} = 80.76$ degrees, $\tan(\text{angle}) = 6.15$

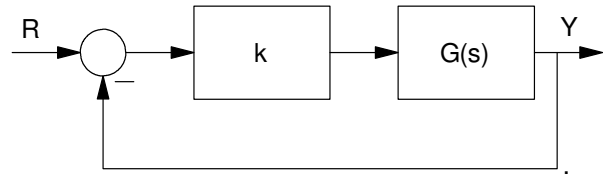
$$K_p = (GK)_{s=0} = \left(\frac{100}{(s+1)(s+5)(s+6)(s+7)} \right)_{s=0} \cdot 9.0275 = 4.2988$$



Lead/PI Compensation

3) Design a compensator, $K(s)$, so that the closed-loop system has

- No error for a step input
- Closed-Loop dominant poles at $s = -1 + j3$, and
- Finite gain as $s \rightarrow \infty$ (i.e. have at least as many poles as zeros)



$$G(s) = \left(\frac{100}{(s+1)(s+5)(s+6)(s+7)} \right)$$

Let

$$K(s) = k \left(\frac{(s+1)(s+5)}{s(s+a)} \right)$$

Pick 'a' so that the angles add up to 180 degrees at $s = -1 + j3$

$$GK = \left(\frac{100k}{s(s+a)(s+6)(s+7)} \right)$$

Analyzing what we know

$$\left(\frac{100}{s(s+6)(s+7)} \right)_{s=-1+j3} = 0.8085 \angle -165.9638^\circ$$

For the angles to add to 180 degrees

$$\angle(s+a) = 14.0362^\circ$$

$$a = \left(\frac{3}{\tan(14.0362^\circ)} \right) + 1 = 13.0000$$

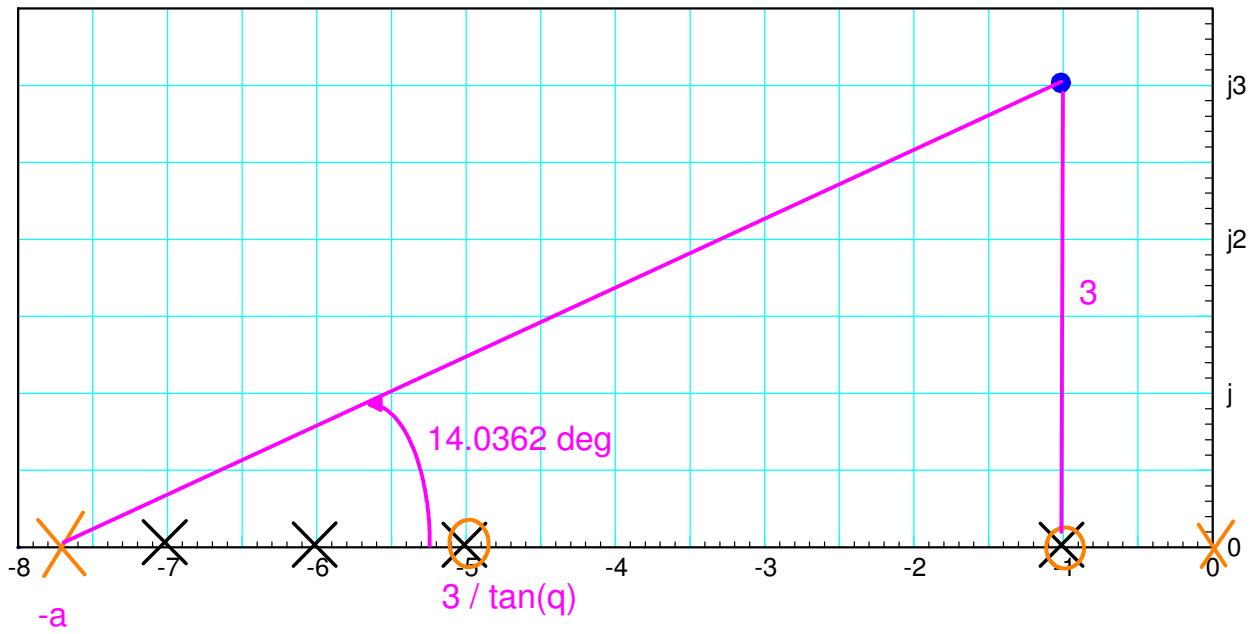
To find k

$$GK = \left(\frac{100k}{s(s+6)(s+7)(s+13)} \right)_{s=-1+j3} = 0.0654k \angle 180^\circ$$

$$k = \frac{1}{0.0645} = 15.300$$

and

$$K(s) = 15.30 \left(\frac{(s+1)(s+5)}{s(s+13)} \right)$$



Compensator Design (hardware)

4) Design a circuit to implement $K(s)$

$$K(s) = \left(\frac{40(s+5)(s+6)}{s(s+17)} \right)$$

Rewrite as

$$K(s) = \left(\frac{8(s+6)}{s+17} \right) \left(\frac{5(s+5)}{s} \right)$$

