

ECE 463/663 - Homework #5

Pole Placement. Due Monday, March 2nd

1) Write a Matlab m-file which is passed

- The system dynamics (A, B),
- The desired pole locations (P)

and then returns the feedback gains, Kx, so that $\text{roots}(A - B Kx) = P$

```
function [Kx] = ppl(A, B, P)
```

```
function [ Kx ] = ppl( A, B, P0)
```

```
N = length(A);
```

```
T1 = [];
```

```
for i=1:N
```

```
    T1 = [T1, (A^(i-1))*B];
```

```
end
```

```
P = poly(eig(A));
```

```
T2 = [];
```

```
for i=1:N
```

```
    T2 = [T2; zeros(1,i-1), P(1:N-i+1)];
```

```
end
```

```
T3 = zeros(N,N);
```

```
for i=1:N
```

```
    T3(i, N+1-i) = 1;
```

```
end
```

```
T = T1*T2*T3;
```

```
Pd = poly(P0);
```

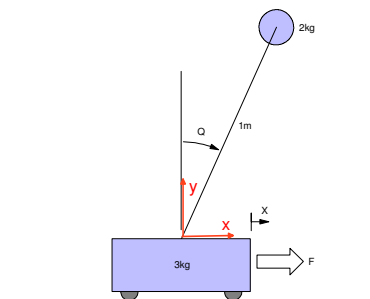
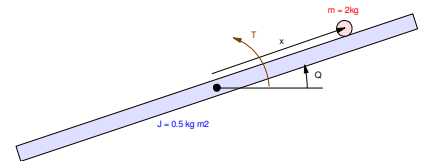
```
dP = Pd - P;
```

```
Flip = [N+1:-1:2]';
```

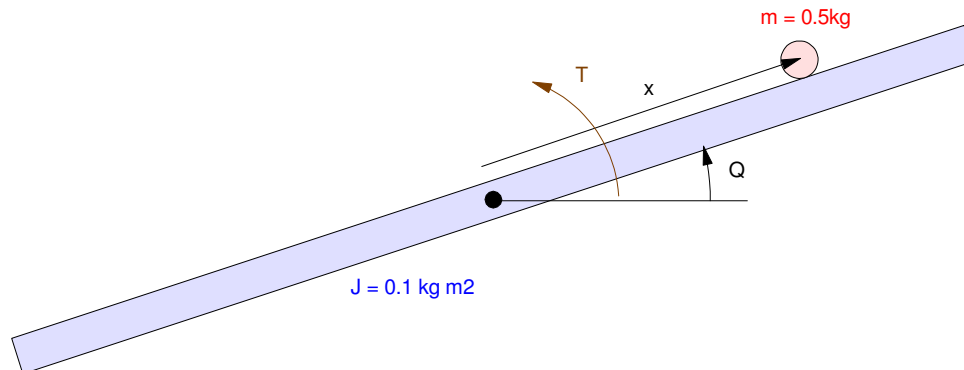
```
Kz = dP(Flip);
```

```
Kx = Kz*inv(T);
```

```
end
```



Problem 2) (20pt) The dynamics of a Ball and Beam System (homework set #4) are



$$s \begin{bmatrix} r \\ \theta \\ \dot{r} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -7 & 0 & 0 \\ -7.84 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r \\ \theta \\ \dot{r} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.4 \end{bmatrix} T$$

Design a feedback control law of the form

$$U = K_r * R - K_x * X$$

so that the closed-loop system has

- A 2% settling time of 6 seconds, and
- 10% overshoot for a step input

Step 1: Translate the requirements to pole locations:

- 10% overshoot means the damping ratio is 0.5910 (angle of poles are 53.77 degrees)
- 6 second settling time means the real part of the dominant pole is at -0.67

Place the dominant poles at

$$s = -0.67 + j0.91$$

Step 2: Find the feedback gains

$$A = [0, 0, 1, 0; 0, 0, 0, 1; 0, -7, 0, 0; -7.84, 0, 0, 0]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1.0000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.0000 \\ 0 & -7.0000 & 0 & 0 \\ -7.8400 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = [0; 0; 0; 0.4];$$

$$C = [1, 0, 0, 0];$$

$$K_x = \text{pp1}(A, B, [-0.67 + j*0.91, -0.67 - j*0.91, -2, -3])$$

```
Kx = -22.3364 34.9425 -5.1518 15.8500
```

```
DC = -C*inv(A-B*Kx)*B
```

```
DC = -0.3654
```

```
Kr = 1/DC
```

```
Kr = -2.7364
```

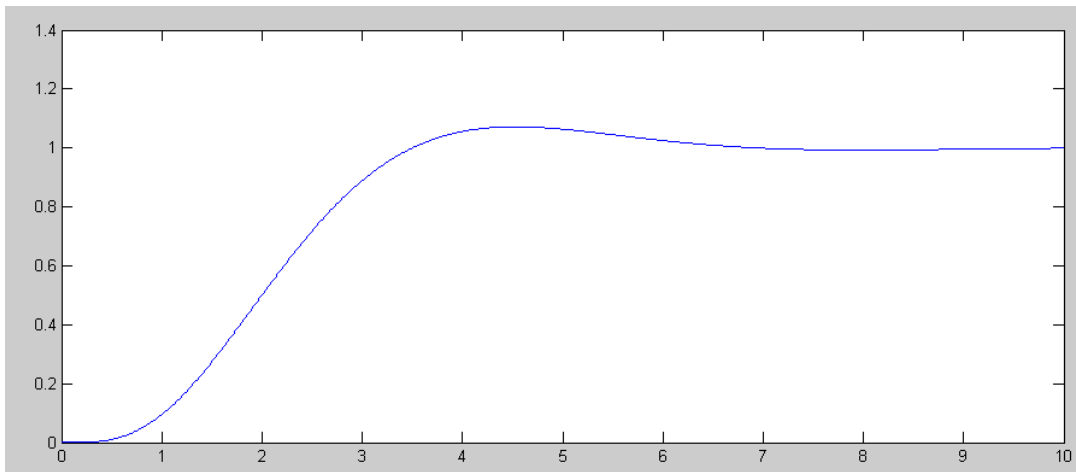
Check the step response of the linear system in Matlab

```
Gcl = ss(A-B*Kx, B*Kr, C, 0);  
zpk(Gcl)
```

```
7.662
```

```
-----  
(s+3) (s+2) (s^2 + 1.34s + 1.277)
```

```
t = [0:0.01:10]';  
y = step(Gcl, t);  
plot(t,y);
```



Check the step response of the nonlinear system

Modify the code for beam.m to be

```
% Ball & Beam System  
% Sp 20 Version  
% m = 2kg  
% J = 0.5 kg m^2
```

```
X = [0, 0, 0, 0]';
```

```
dt = 0.01;
```

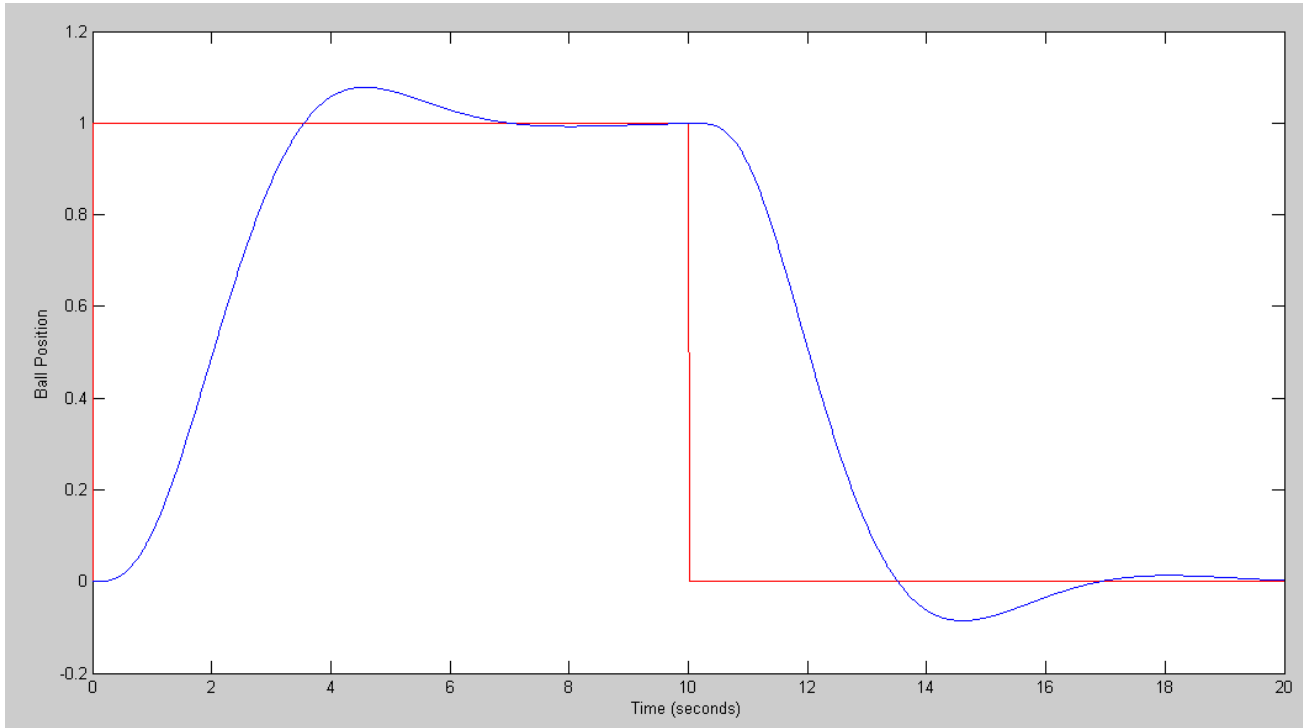
```
t = 0;
```

```
Kx = [ -39.2255 38.4402 -14.6815 13.8637];
```

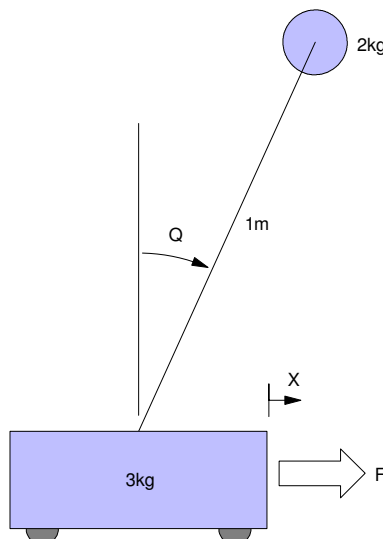
```
Kr = -19.8535;
```

```
y = [];
```

```
while(t < 20)
```



Problem 3) (20pt) The dynamics of a cart and pendulum (homework set #4) are



$$s \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \theta \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -6.533 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 16.333 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \theta \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.333 \\ -0.333 \end{bmatrix} F$$

Design a feedback control law so that the closed-loop system has

- A 2% settling time of 6 seconds, and
- 10% overshoot for a step input

Follow the same steps for problem #3

$$A = [0, 0, 1, 0; 0, 0, 0, 1; 0, -6.533, 0, 0; 0, 16.333, 0, 0]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1.0000 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.0000 \\ 0 & -6.5330 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 16.3330 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = [0; 0; 0.333; -0.333]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.3330 \\ -0.3330 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = [1, 0, 0, 0];$$

$$Kx = \text{ppl}(A, B, [-0.67 + j*0.91, -0.67 - j*0.91, -2, -3])$$

$$Kx = \quad -2.3479 \quad -93.3689 \quad -4.4202 \quad -23.4593$$

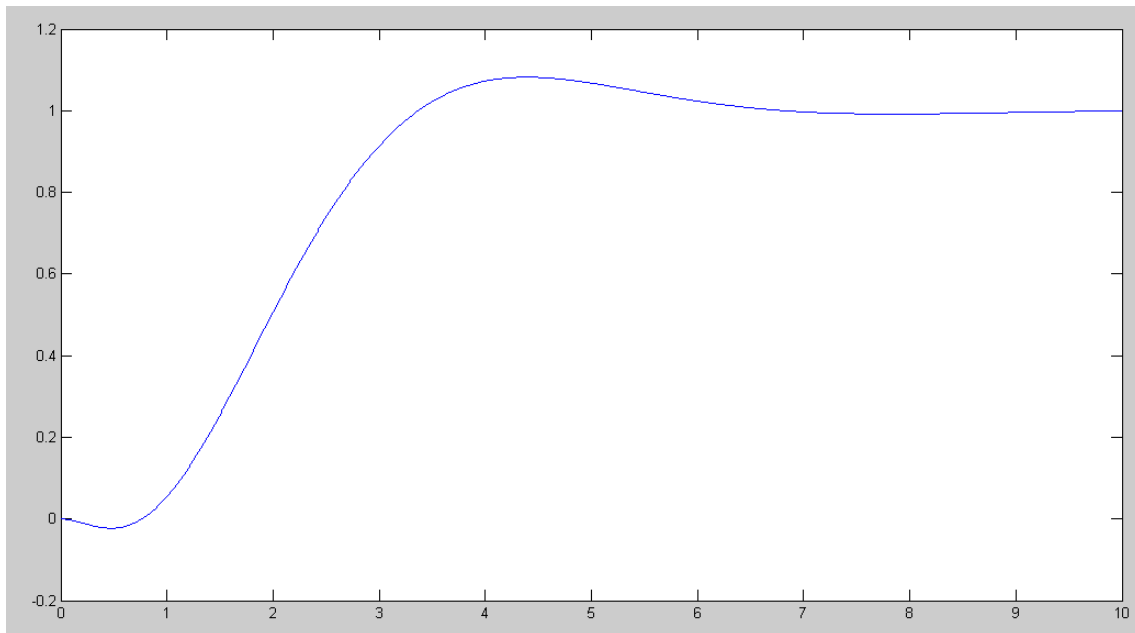
$$DC = -C \cdot \text{inv}(A - B \cdot Kx) \cdot B$$

$$Kr = 1/DC$$

$$Kr = \quad -2.3479$$

Check the step response of the linear system in Matlab

```
Gc1 = ss(A-B*Kx, B*Kr, C, 0);  
zpk(Gc1)  
  
-0.78184 (s-3.13) (s+3.13)  
-----  
(s+3) (s+2) (s^2 + 1.34s + 1.277)  
  
t = [0:0.01:10]';  
y = step(Gc1, t);  
plot(t,y);
```

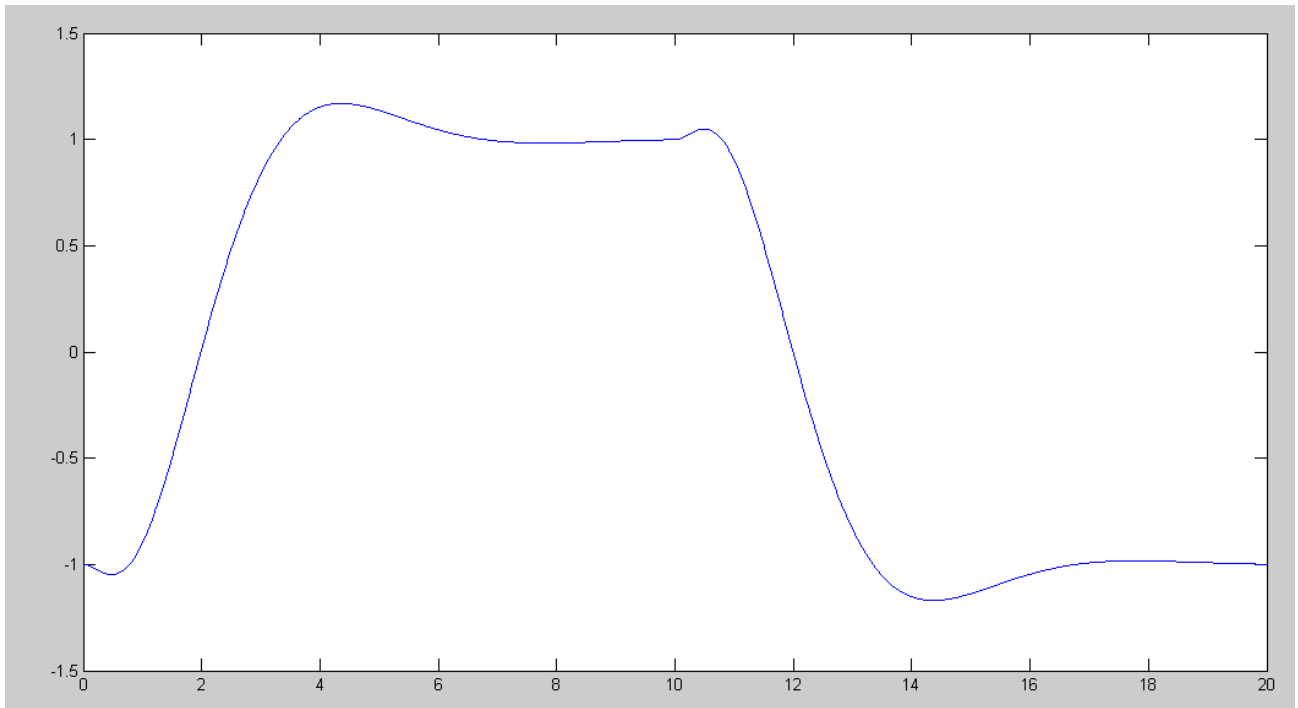
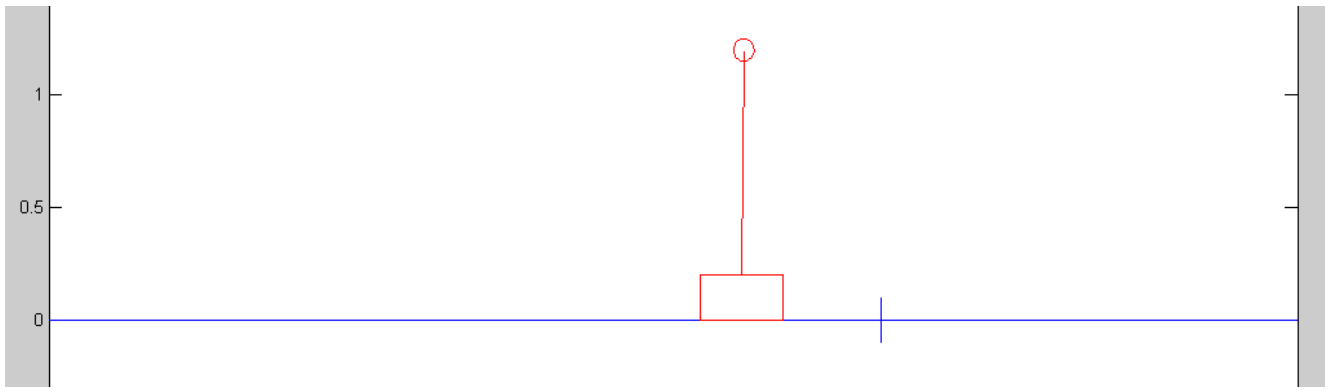


Check the step response of the nonlinear system

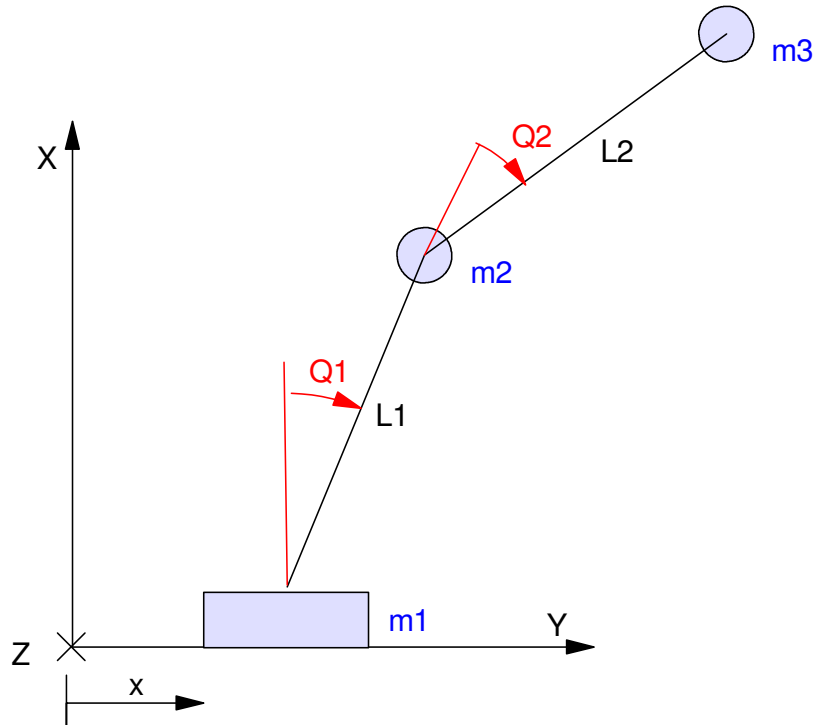
Modify the Cart.m routine

```
% Cart and Pendulum (sp20 version)  
X = [-1, 0, 0, 0]';  
dX = zeros(4,1);  
Ref = 1;  
dt = 0.01;  
U = 0;  
t = 0;  
Kx = [-2.3479 -93.3689 -4.4202 -23.4593];  
Kr = -2.3479;  
Z = 0;  
y = [];  
while(t < 20)
```

Run the simulation:



Problem #4 (20pt): The dynamics of a double pendulum are



$$\begin{matrix} s \\ \end{matrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \theta_1 \\ \theta_2 \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2g & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3g & -g & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -3g & 3g & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \theta_1 \\ \theta_2 \\ \dot{x} \\ \dot{\theta}_1 \\ \dot{\theta}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} F$$

Design a feedback control law of the form

$$U = K_r * R - K_x * X$$

so that the closed-loop system has

- A 2% settling time of 6 seconds, and
- 10% overshoot for a step input


```
g = 9.8;
A = [0,0,0,1,0,0;0,0,0,0,1,0;0,0,0,0,0,1;0,-2*g,0,0,0,0;0,3*g,-g,0,0,0;0,-3*g,3*g,0,0,0]
```

```

0      0      0      1.0000      0      0
0      0      0      0      1.0000      0
0      0      0      0      0      1.0000
0 -19.6000      0      0      0      0
0  29.4000 -9.8000      0      0      0
0 -29.4000  29.4000      0      0      0
```

```
B = [0;0;0;1;-1;1];
C = [1,0,0,0,0,0];
Kx = ppl(A, B, [-0.67 + j*0.91, -0.67 - j*0.91, -2, -3, -4, -5])
```

```
Kx =    0.7978    -6.5275   142.5117    1.8610   17.3453   30.8244
```

```
DC = -C*inv(A-B*Kx)*B
Kr = 1/DC
```

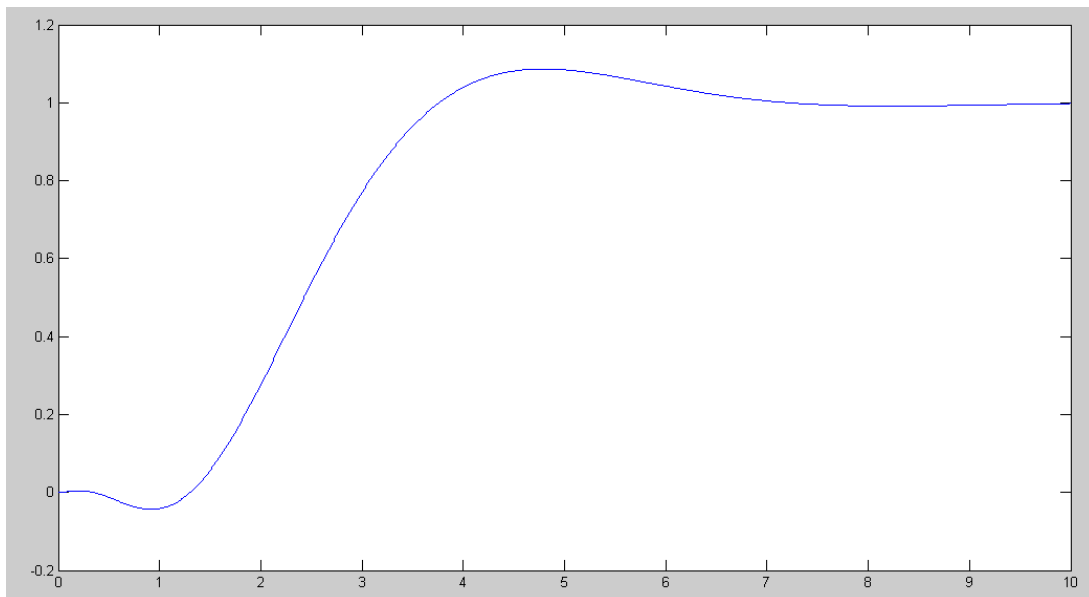
```
Kr =    0.7978
```

Determine the step response of the linear system in Matlab

```
Gcl = ss(A-B*Kx, B*Kr, C, 0);
zpk(Gcl)
```

```
0.79779 (s-5.784) (s-2.396) (s+2.396) (s+5.784)
-----
(s+5) (s+4) (s+3) (s+2) (s^2 + 1.34s + 1.277)
```

```
t = [0:0.01:10]';
y = step(Gcl, t);
plot(t,y);
```



Determine the step response of the nonlinear system

Modify Cart2.m as follows:

```
X = [-1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]';  
Ref = 1;  
dt = 0.01;  
U = 0;  
t = 0;  
Kx = [0.7978   -6.5275  142.5117   1.8610   17.3453   30.8244];  
Kr = 0.7978;  
while(t < 20)
```

Run the step response:

