

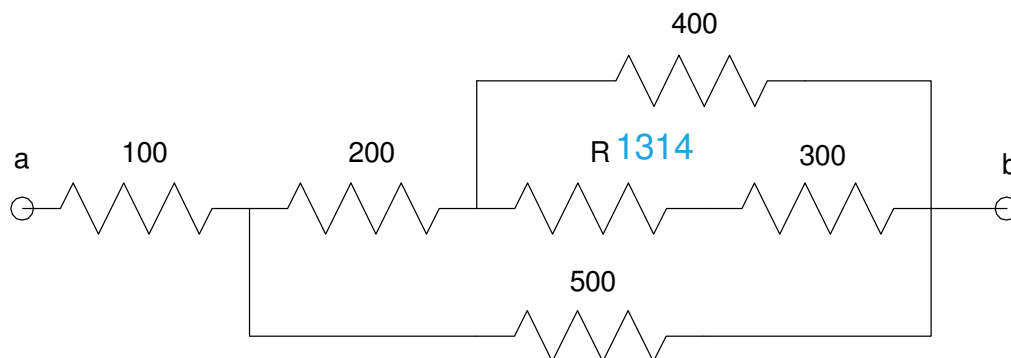
ECE 320 - Quiz #1 - Name _____

EE 206 Review. Spring 2023

1) Determine the resistance R_{ab} . Assume

- $R = 800 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$. For example, May 14th would give $R = 1314$

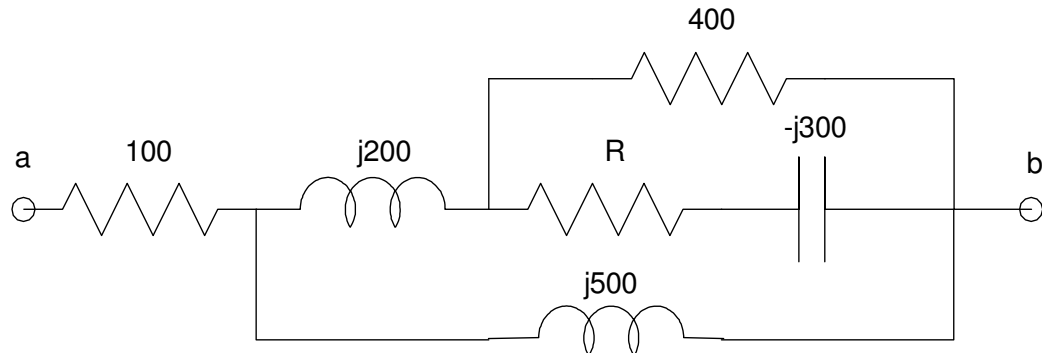
R $800 + 100 * \text{mo} + \text{day}$	R_{ab}
1314 Ohms	355.03



2) Determine the impedance Z_{ab} . Assume

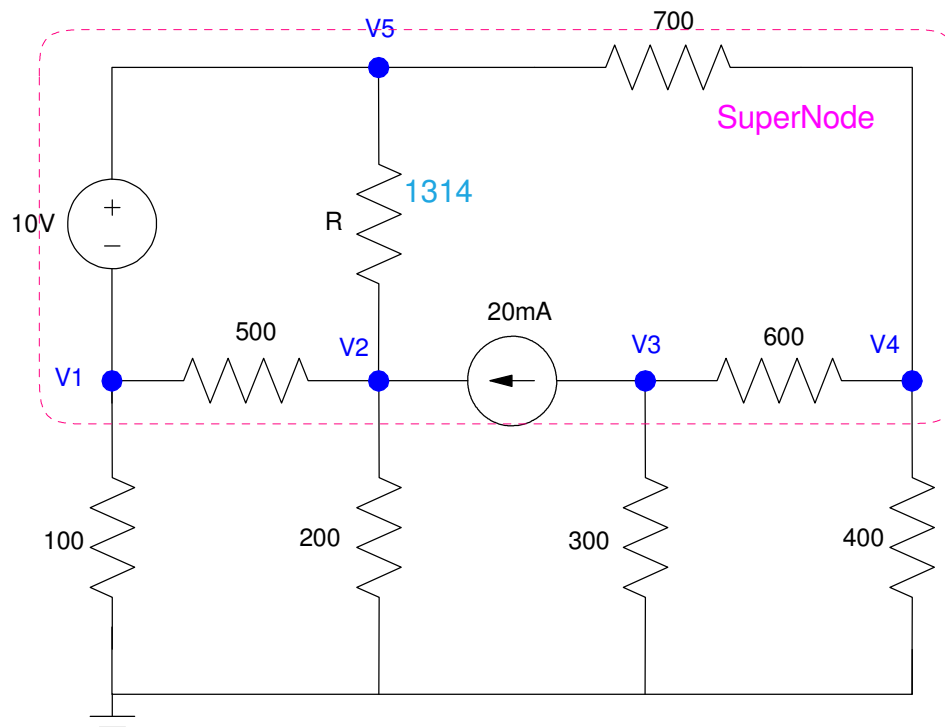
- $R = 800 + 100 \cdot (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$. For example, May 14th would give $R = 1314$

R $800 + 100 \cdot \text{mo} + \text{day}$	Z_{ab}
1314	$237.2 + j196.6$



3) Give N voltage node equations to solve for the N unknown voltages. Assume

- $R = 800 + 100 * (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$. For example, May 14th would give $R = 1314$



Start with the easy ones

$$V_5 - V_1 = 10$$

Node Equations

$$\left(\frac{V_2 - V_1}{500} \right) + \left(\frac{V_2 - V_5}{1314} \right) + \left(\frac{V_2}{200} \right) - 20mA = 0$$

$$20mA + \left(\frac{V_3}{300} \right) + \left(\frac{V_3 - V_4}{600} \right) = 0$$

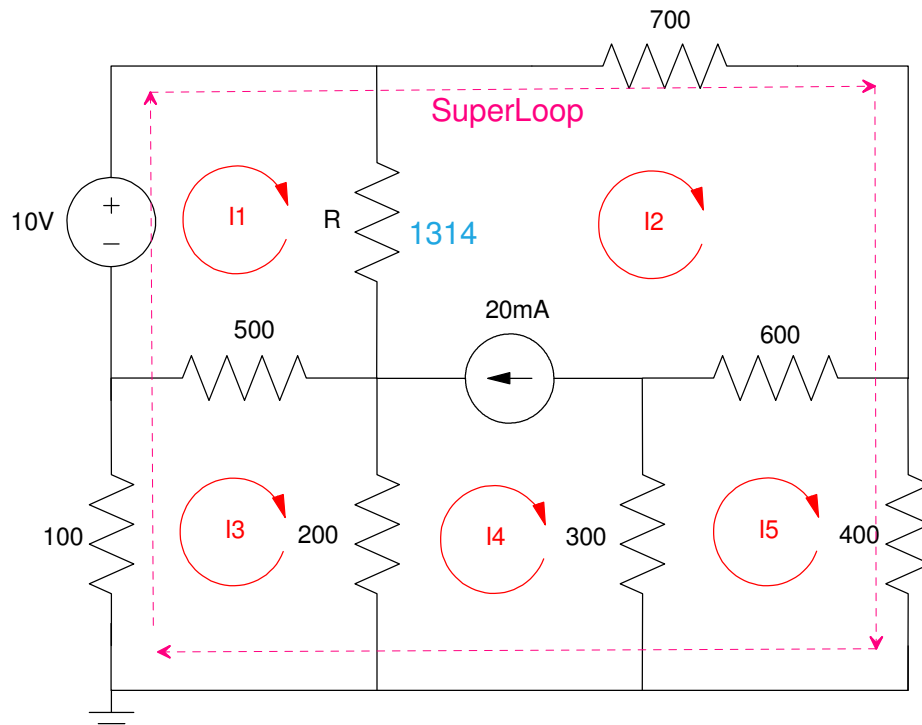
$$\left(\frac{V_4 - V_2}{700} \right) + \left(\frac{V_4 - V_3}{600} \right) + \left(\frac{V_4}{400} \right) = 0$$

Supernode

$$\left(\frac{V_1}{100} \right) + \left(\frac{V_2}{200} \right) + \left(\frac{V_3}{300} \right) + \left(\frac{V_4}{400} \right) = 0$$

4) Give N current loop equations to solve for the N unknown currents. Assume

- $R = 800 + 100 \cdot (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$. For example, May 14th would give $R = 1314$



Start with the current source

$$I_2 - I_4 = 20mA$$

Write the loop equations

$$-10 + 1314(I_1 - I_2) + 500(I_1 - I_3) = 0$$

$$100I_3 + 500(I_3 - I_1) + 200(I_3 - I_4) = 0$$

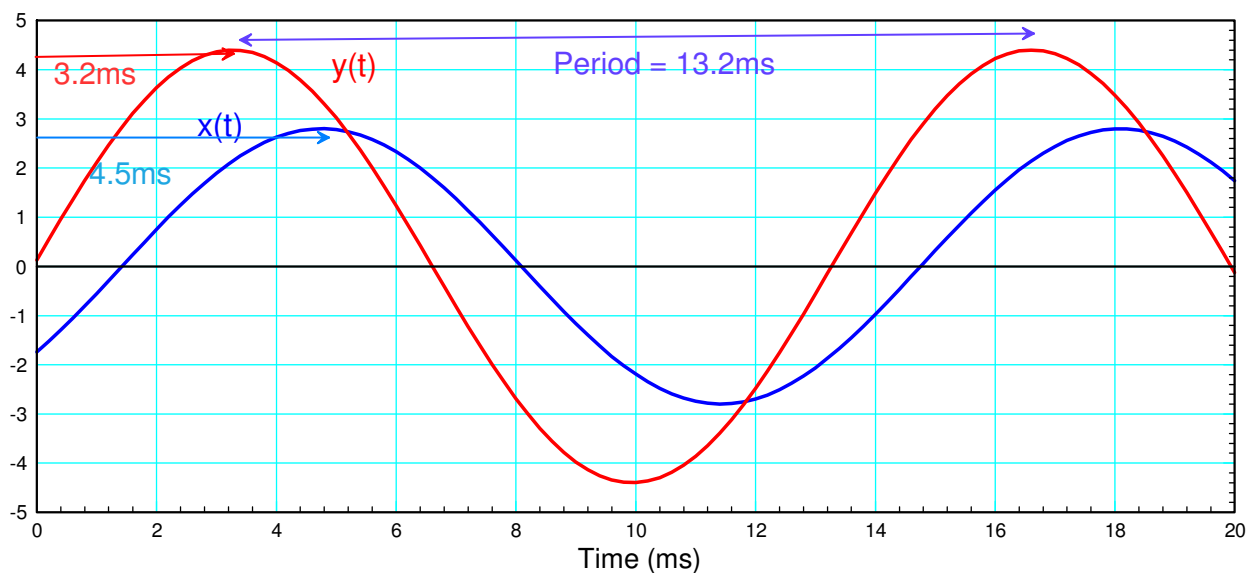
$$300(I_5 - I_4) + 600(I_5 - I_2) + 400I_5 = 0$$

Superloop

$$100I_3 - 10 + 700I_2 + 400I_5 = 0$$

5) Signals X and Y are displayed on an oscilloscope. Give the phasor representation for these two voltages

Frequency (Hz)	X		Y	
	Amplitude	Phase	Amplitude	Phase
75.7 Hz	2.8V	-122 deg	4.4V	-87 deg



1 cycle = 13.2ms

$$f = \frac{1}{\text{period}} = \frac{1}{13.2\text{ms}} = 75.7\text{Hz}$$

Phase for X

$$\theta_x = -\left(\frac{4.5\text{ms delay to peak}}{13.2\text{ms period}}\right) 360^\circ = -122^\circ$$

Phase for Y

$$\theta_y = -\left(\frac{3.2\text{ms delay to peak}}{13.2\text{ms period}}\right) 360^\circ = -87^\circ$$

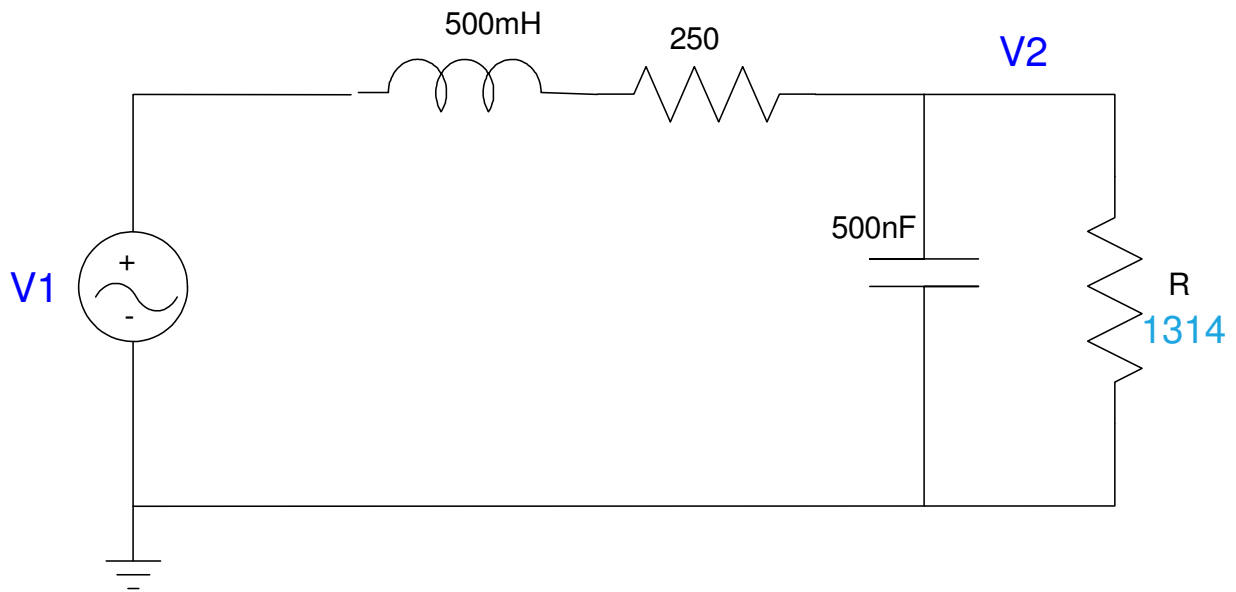
6) Determine $V_2(t)$ assuming

$$V_1(t) = 12 + 13 \sin(\omega t)$$

$\omega = 800 + 100 \cdot (\text{your birth month}) + (\text{your birth date})$. For example, May 14th would give $\omega = 1314$

ω (rad/sec) 800 + 100*mo + day	$V_2(t)$
1314	$10.08 - 8.493 \cos(1314t) + 9.700 \sin(1314t)$

Let $R = 1314$ (or any value from 800 to 2000 Ohms)



DC:

$$V_2 = \left(\frac{1314}{1314 + 250} \right) 12V$$

$$V_2 = 10.08$$

AC:

$$V_1 = -j13$$

$$L \rightarrow j\omega L = j657\Omega$$

$$C \rightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C} = -j1522\Omega$$

$$C || R = 752 - j649\Omega$$

$$V_2 = \left(\frac{(752 - j649)}{(752 - j649) + (250 + j657)} \right) (-j13) = -8.493 - j9.700$$

