

ECE 376 - Test #1: Name _____

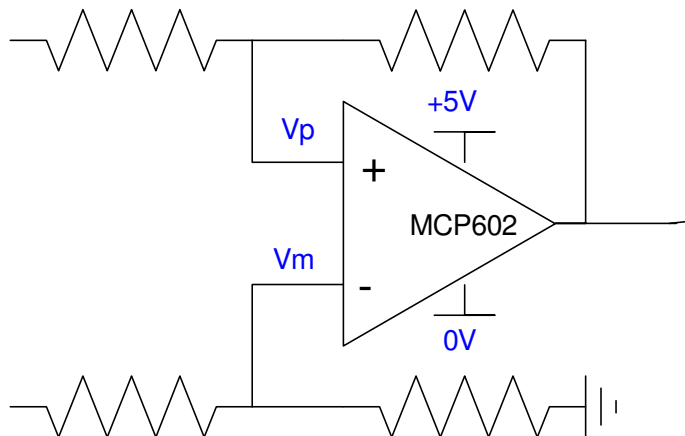
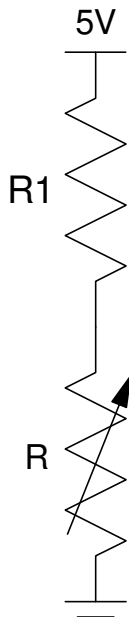
1) **Digital Inputs.** A light sensor has the following resistance vs lumens:

$$R = 10,000 \cdot (L)^{-0.6} \Omega$$

where L is the light level in lumens. Design a circuit which outputs:

- +5V when $L < 10$ lumens
- 0V when $L > 15$ lumens
- No change for $10 \text{ lumens} < L < 15 \text{ lumens}$

$R1 = 900 + 100(\text{Birth Month}) + \text{Birth Date}$ ex: May 14 = 1414 Ohms	R1 =
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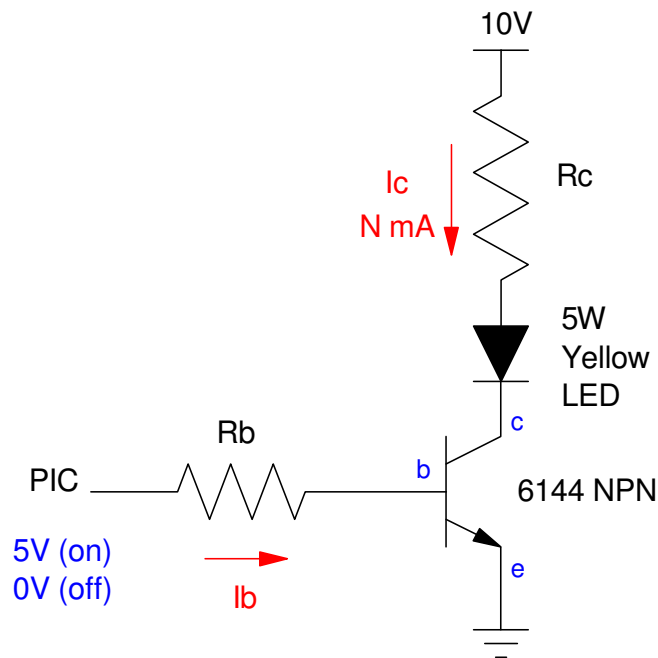
2) Digital Outputs: Determine R_b and R_c so that your PIC can drive a white 5W yellow LED at N mA where N is related to your birthday

- $V_f = 2.4V$ @ 1200mA
- 600 Lumens @ 1200mA
- $N = 900 + 100 * (\text{birth month}) + (\text{birth date})$.

Assume a 6144 NPN transistor

- $V_{be} = 700mV$
- $V_{ce(sat)} = 360mV$
- Current gain = $\beta = 200$

N mA 900 + 100*(Birth Month) + Birth Date ex: May 14th = 1414mA	R_b	R_c



3) **Assembler:** Determine the contents of the W, PORTB, and PORTC registers after each operation.
Assume

- PORTB and PORTC are output.
- Default is decimal

	W	PORTB	PORTC
Start:	Birth Month (1..12)	0x23 = 35	Birth Date (1..31)
<code>movf PORTC,W</code>			
<code>movff PORTB, PORTC</code>			
<code>movwf PORTB</code>			
<code>movlw 7</code>			
<code>xorwf PORTB,F</code>			
<code>btg PORTC,0</code>			
<code>negf PORTB, W</code>			

4) Assembler & Timing: Determine the number of clocks the following assembler subroutine takes to execute. Assume MONTH and DAY be your birth month and day.

MONTH (birth month: 1..12)	DAY (birth day: 1..31)	N Number of clocks Wait routine takes
Find A / B / C for N = 22,000,000 +/- 500,000 (2.2 seconds +/- 0.05 second)		
A =	B =	C =

Wait:

```
    movlw    MONTH (A)
    movwf    CNT2
    nop
```

W2:

```
    movlw    DAY (B)
    movwf    CNT1
    nop
    nop
```

W1:

```
    movlw    177 (C)
    movwf    CNT0
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
```

W0:

```
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
    nop
    decfsz   CNT0,F
    goto    W0
```

```
    decfsz   CNT1,F
    goto    W1
```

```
    decfsz   CNT2,F
    goto    W2
```

return

5) Assembler & Flow Charts. Write an assembler program to turn your PIC processor into a combination lock

- Press RB0 (PORTB pin 0) N times, (number of presses is the combination) then
- Press RB7 (PORTB pin 7) one time to try to open the lock

If you pressed RB0 42 times, the lock opens (PORTD = 255)

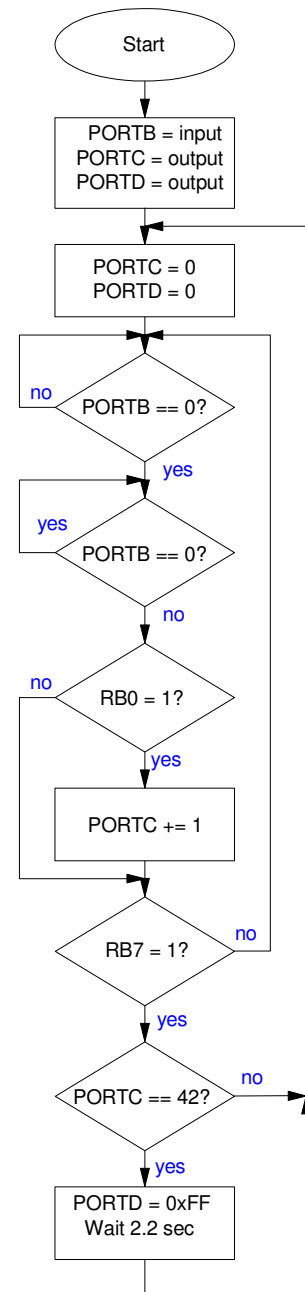
Otherwise, the lock remains closed (PORTD = 0) and the count starts over (PORTC = 0)

note: Assume a Wait function exists that waits 2.2 seconds

- (a different problem on this test)

```
#include <pic18f4620.inc>
```

```
org 0x800  
movlw 0x0F  
movwf ADCON1
```



Memory Read & Write			
MOVWF	PORTA	memory write	w → PORTA
MOVFF	PORTA PORTB	copy	PORTA → PORTB
MOVF	PORTA,W	memory read	PORTA → W
MOVLW	234	Move Literal to WREG	123 → W
Memory Clear, Negation			
CLRF	PORTA	clear memory	0x00 → PORTA
COMF	PORTA, W	toggle bits	!PORTA → W (bit toggle)
NEGF	PORTA, W	negate	-PORTA → W (2's compliment)
Addition & Subtraction			
INCF	PORTA,F	increment	PORTA + 1 → PORTA
ADDWF	PORTA, F	add	PORTA + W → PORTA
ADDWFC	PORTA, W	add with carry	PORTA + W + carry → W
ADDLW		Add Literal and WREG	
DECF	PORTA,F	decrement	PORTA - 1 → PORTA
SUBFWB	PORTA,F	subtract with borrow	PORTA - W - c → PORTA
SUBWF	PORTA,F	subtract no borrow	PORTA - W → PORTA
SUBWFB	PORTA,F	subtract with borrow	PORTA - W - c → PORTA
SUBLW	223	Subtract WREG from #	223 - W → W
Shift left (*2), shift right (/2)			
RLCF	PORTA,F	rotate left through carry (9-bit rotate)	
RLNCF	PORTA,F	rotate left no carry	
RRCF	PORTA,F	rotate right through carry	
RRNCF	PORTA,F	rotate right no carry	
Bit Operations			
BCF	PORTA, 3	Bit Clear f	clear bit 3 of PORTA
BSF	PORTA, 4	Bit Set f	set bit 4 of PORTA
BTG	PORTA, 2	Bit Toggle f	toggle bit 2 of PORTA
Logical Operations			
ANDWF	PORTA, F	logical and	PORTA = PORTA and W
ANDLW	0x23	AND Literal with WREG	W = W and 0x23
IORWF	PORTA,F	logical or	PORTA = PORTA or W
IORLW	0x23	Inclusive OR Literal	W = W or 0x23
XORWF	PORTA,F	logical exclusive or	PORTA = PORTA xor W
XORLW	0x23	Exclusive OR Literal	W = W xor 0x23
Tests (skip the next instruction if...)			
CPFSEQ	PORTA	Compare PORTA to W, skip if PORTA = W	
CPFSGT	PORTA	Compare PORTA to W, Skip if PORTA > W	
CPFSLT	PORTA	Compare PORTA to W, Skip if PORTA < W	
DECFSZ	PORTA,F	decrement, skip if zero	
DCFSNZ	PORTA,F	decrement, skip if not zero	
INCFSZ	PORTA,F	increment, skip if zero	
INFSNZ	PORTA,F	increment, skip if not zero	
BTFSZ	PORTA, 5	Bit Test f, Skip if Clear	
BTSS	PORTA, 1	Bit Test f, Skip if Set	
Flow Control			
GOTO	Label	Go to Address 1st word	
CALL	Label	Call Subroutine 1st word	
RETURN		Return from Subroutine	
RETLW	0x23	Return with 0x23 in WREG	